



**Ruijie RG-NBS3200 Series Switches**

**Hardware Installation and Reference Guide**

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## Preface

Thank you for using our products. This manual will guide you through the installation of the device.

This manual describes the functional and physical features and provides the device installation steps, hardware troubleshooting, module technical specifications, and specifications and usage guidelines for cables and connectors.

## Audience

It is intended for the users who have some experience in installing and maintaining network hardware. At the same time, it is assumed that the users are already familiar with the related terms and concepts.

## Obtaining Technical Assistance

- Ruijie Networks Website: <https://www.ruijienetworks.com/>
- Technical Support Website: <https://ruijienetworks.com/support>
- Case Portal: <https://caseportal.ruijienetworks.com>
- Community: <https://community.ruijienetworks.com>
- Technical Support Email: [service\\_rj@ruijienetworks.com](mailto:service_rj@ruijienetworks.com)
- Skype: [service\\_rj@ruijienetworks.com](https://www.skype.com/people/service_rj@ruijienetworks.com)

## Related Documents

Documents	Description
Configuration Guide	Describes network protocols and related mechanisms that supported by the product, with configuration examples.
Command Reference	Describes the related configuration commands, including command modes, parameter descriptions, usage guides, and related examples.

## Symbol Conventions

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 Means reader take note. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references.

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 Means reader be careful. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.

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# 1 Product Overview

Ruijie RG-NBS3200 series switches are mainly applicable to the small and medium-sized enterprise (SME) networks to provide services according to business needs to ensure the prompt transmission of key data. The RG-NBS3200 series switches provide various interfaces to meet the requirement for interfaces in network constructions.

## RG-NBS3200 Series Switches

Model	10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet Port	1000Base-X SFP Port	10G SFP+ Port	Console Port	Power Supply
RG-NBS3200-2 4GT4XS	24	N/A	4	N/A	Single
RG-NBS3200-2 4SFP/8GT4XS	8 (combo)	24	4	N/A	Single
RG-NBS3200-2 4GT4XS-P	24 (Support PoE+)	N/A	4	N/A	Single
RG-NBS3200-4 8GT4XS	48	N/A	4	N/A	Single
RG-NBS3200-4 8GT4XS-P	48 (Support PoE+)	N/A	4	N/A	Single

-  1000Base-T is downward compatible with 100Base-TX and 10Base-T.
-  Combo port consists of one 1000Base-X SFP port and one 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet port. That is, only one port of them is available at a particular time.

## 1.1 RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS

### Technical Specifications

<b>Model</b>	RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS
<b>CPU</b>	Built-in CPU, single-core processor, 800MHz
<b>BOOTROM</b>	N/A
<b>Flash Memory</b>	256 MB
<b>SDRAM</b>	DDRIII 512MB
<b>Optical Module</b>	<p>See <i>Appendix B</i>. The copper cable is not supported.</p> <p> The supported module type may change at any time. Consult Ruijie Networks for the latest information.</p>
<b>SFP+ Port</b>	10GBase-R 1000Base-X
<b>Power Supply</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● AC input</li> </ul>

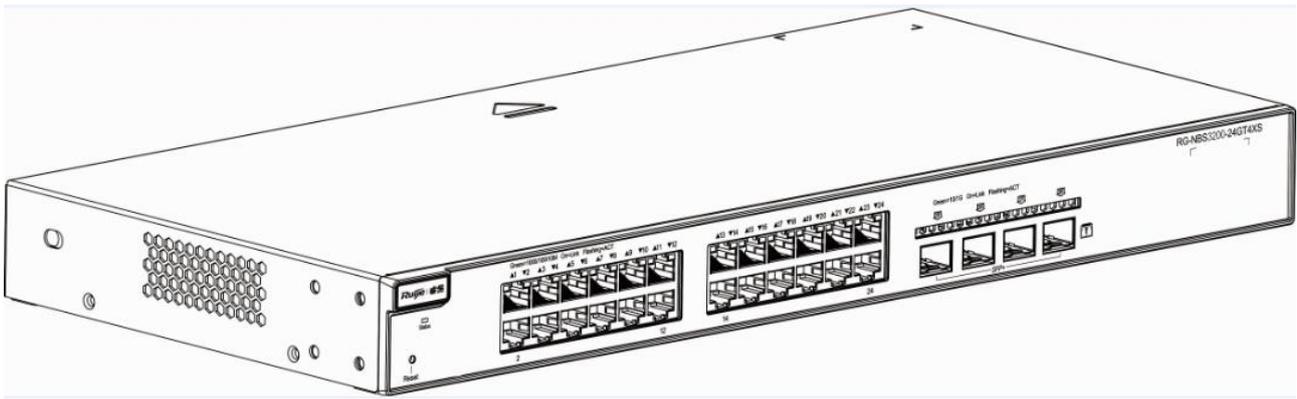
	Rated voltage range: 100V to 240V Maximum voltage range: 90V to 264V Frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated current: 1.5A
<b>Input Leakage Current</b>	≤3.5mA
<b>EEE</b>	Supported
<b>PoE</b>	Not supported
<b>Power Consumption</b>	28W
<b>Temperature</b>	Operating temperature: 0 °C to 50°C Storage temperature: -40 °C to 70°C
<b>Humidity</b>	Operating humidity: 10% to 90% RH Storage humidity: 5% to 95% RH
<b>Fan</b>	Supports adaptive speed adjustment
<b>Temperature Alarm</b>	Not supported
<b>EMC Standards</b>	GB9254-2008 EN 55032:2015+AC:2016 EN 61000-3-2:2014 EN 61000-3-3:2013 EN 55035:2017 ETSI EN 300 386 V2.1.1 (2016-07)
<b>Security Standards</b>	GB4943-2011 EN 62638-1
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	440 mm x 207.5 mm x 43.6 mm (with front panel )
<b>Weight</b>	2.9 kg

 The RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS switch is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## Product Appearance

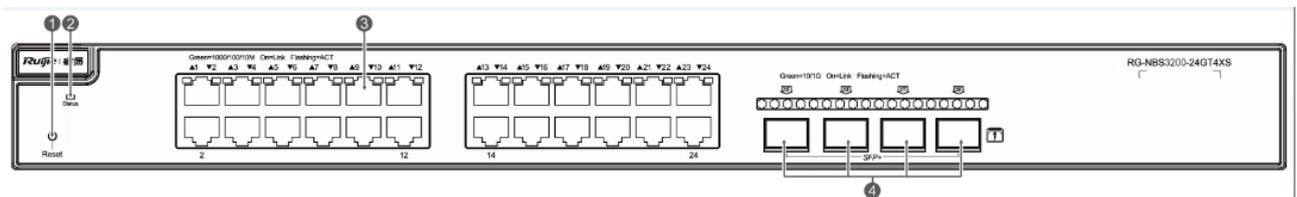
On the front panel, the RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS Ethernet switch provides 24 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet ports and 4 SFP+ ports. On the back panel, it provides an AC power port.

Figure 1-1 Appearance of RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS



### Front Panel

Figure 1-2 Front Panel of RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS

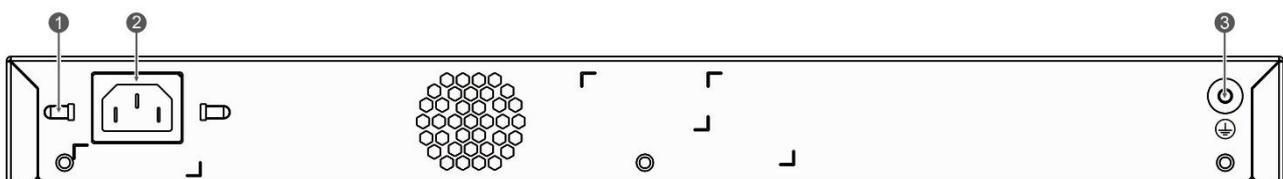


Note:	1. Reset button 2. System status LED	3. 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet port 4. 10GE SFP+ port
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- i The switch reboots after the reset button is pressed for less than 2 seconds.
- i The switch restores the default factory settings after the reset button is pressed for more than 5 seconds (until the status LED blinks).

### Back Panel

Figure 1-3 Back Panel of RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS



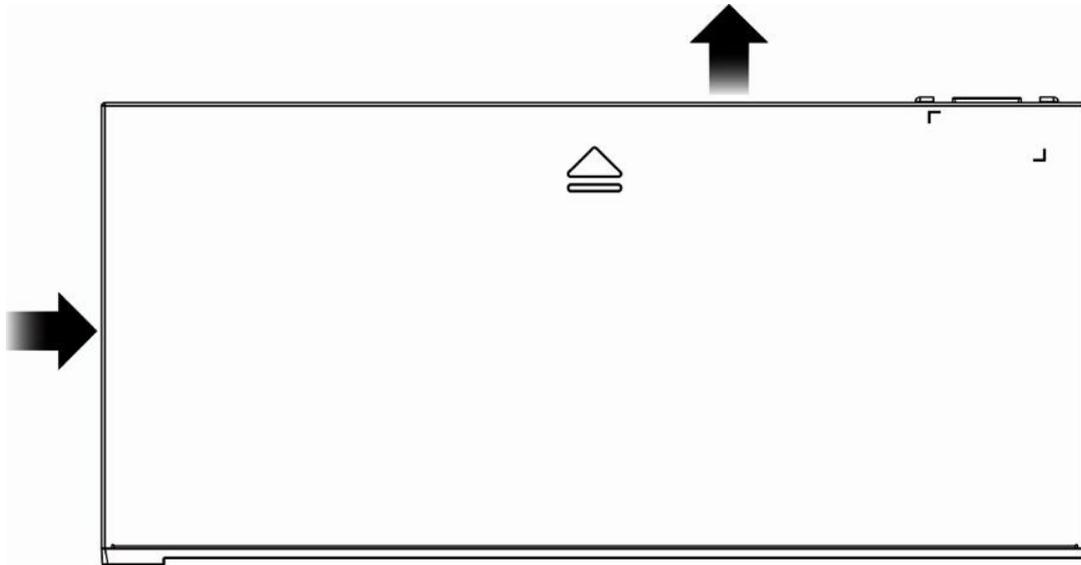
Note:	1. Power cord retention clips 2. Three-hole AC power receptacle	3. Protective earthing terminal
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- i This device relies on the separate protective earthing terminal.
- i The device installation shall be permanently connected to building earth by a skilled person.
- i The device shall be intended to be used in a location having equipotential bonding (such as a telecommunication centre, a dedicated computer room, or a restricted access area).

### Heat Dissipation

RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS adopts side-to-rear heat dissipation, thereby ensuring normal function of the device in the specified environment. 10 cm distance space should be reserved at both sides and the back plane of the cabinet to allow air circulation. It is recommended to clean the device once every 3 months to avoid dust from blocking vents.

Figure 1-4 Flow Scheme of Heat Dissipation



## LED

LED	Panel Identification	State	Meaning
System status LED	Status	Off	The switch is not receiving power.
		Blinking green (0.5Hz)	The switch is running, but is not connected to Ruijie Cloud.
		Blinking green (10Hz)	The switch is being upgraded or initialized.
		Solid green	The switch is connected to Ruijie Cloud.
10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet port status LED	1-24	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.
SFP+ port status LED	25F-28F	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.

## 1.2 RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS

### Technical Specifications

<b>Model</b>	RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS
<b>CPU</b>	Built-in CPU, single-core processor, 800MHz
<b>BOOTROM</b>	N/A
<b>Flash Memory</b>	256 MB
<b>SDRAM</b>	DDRIII 512MB

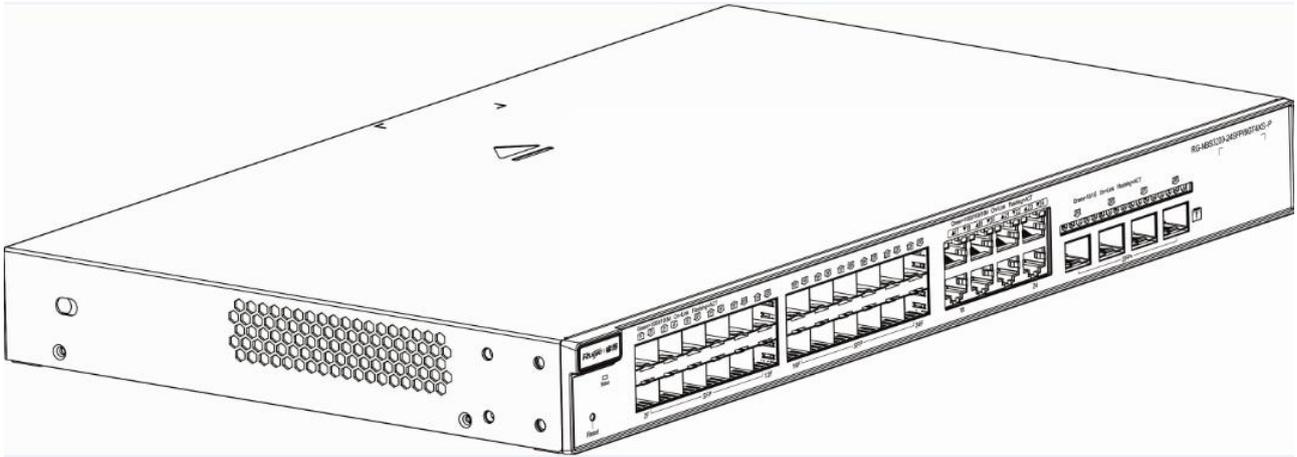
<b>Optical Module</b>	See <i>Appendix B</i> . The copper cable is not supported.   The supported module type may change at any time. Consult Ruijie Networks for the latest information.
<b>SFP Port</b>	100Base-FX 1000Base-X
<b>SFP+ Port</b>	10GBase-R 1000Base-X
<b>Power Supply</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● AC input</li> </ul> Rated voltage range: 100V to 240V Maximum voltage range: 90V to 264V Frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated current: 2A
<b>Input Leakage Current</b>	≤3.5mA
<b>EEE</b>	Supported
<b>PoE</b>	Not supported
<b>Power Consumption</b>	42W
<b>Temperature</b>	Operating temperature: 0 °C to 50°C Storage temperature: -40 °C to 70°C
<b>Humidity</b>	Operating humidity: 10% to 90% RH Storage humidity: 5% to 95% RH
<b>Fan</b>	Supports adaptive speed adjustment
<b>Temperature Alarm</b>	Not supported
<b>EMC Standards</b>	GB9254-2008 EN 55032:2015+AC:2016 EN 61000-3-2:2014 EN 61000-3-3:2013 EN 55035:2017 ETSI EN 300 386 V2.1.1 (2016-07)
<b>Security Standards</b>	GB4943-2011 EN 62638-1
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	440 mm x 267.5 mm x 43.6 mm (with front panel )
<b>Weight</b>	3.35 kg

 The RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS switch is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## Product Appearance

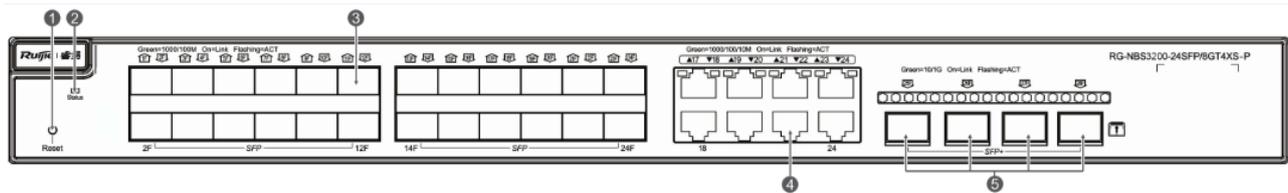
On the front panel, the RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS Ethernet switch provides 24 SFP ports (8 Gigabit combo ports) and 4 SFP+ ports. On the back panel, it provides an AC power port.

Figure 1-5 Appearance of RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS



## Front Panel

Figure 1-6 Front Panel of RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS



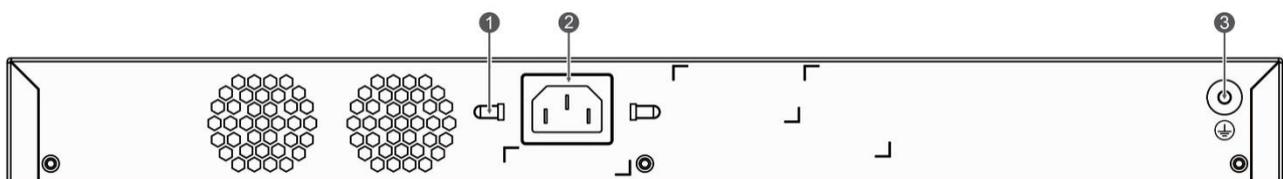
Note:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reset button</li> <li>2. System status LED</li> <li>3. 1000Base-X SFP port</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Combo port</li> <li>5. 10GE SFP+ port</li> </ol>
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**i** The switch reboots after the reset button is pressed for less than 2 seconds.

**i** The switch restores the default factory settings after the reset button is pressed for more than 5 seconds (until the status LED blinks).

## Back Panel

Figure 1-7 Back Panel of RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS



Note:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power cord retention clips</li> <li>2. Three-hole AC power receptacle</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Protective earthing terminal</li> </ol>
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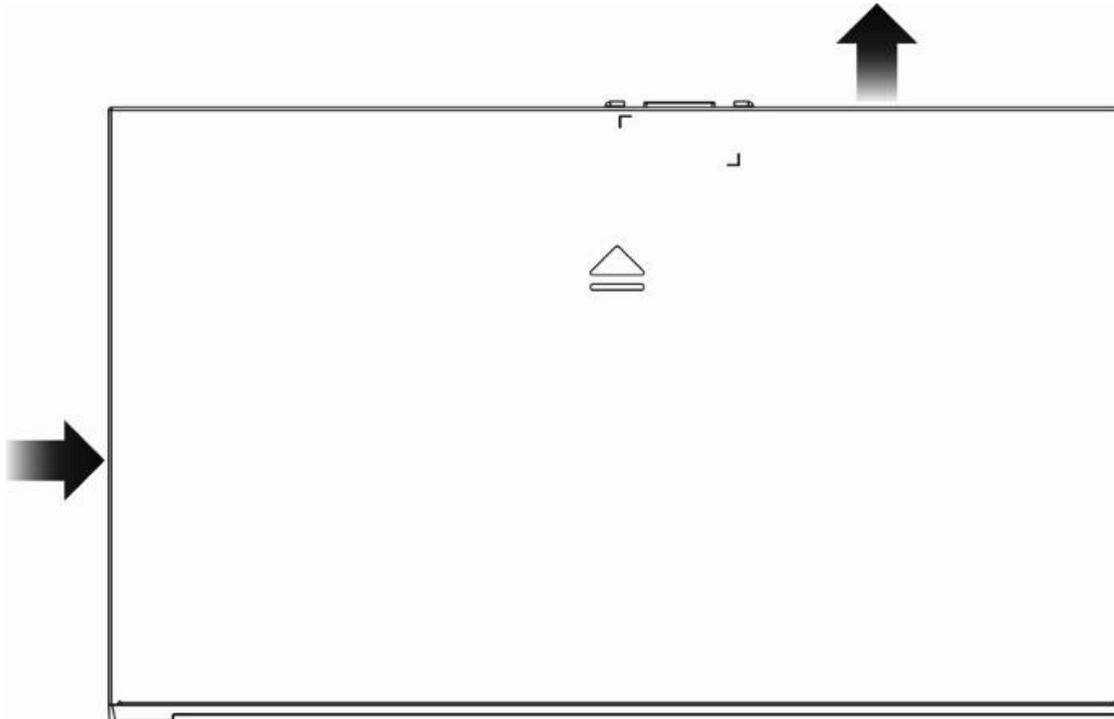
**i** This device relies on the separate protective earthing terminal.

- i** The device installation shall be permanently connected to building earth by a skilled person.
- i** The device shall be intended to be used in a location having equipotential bonding (such as a telecommunication centre, a dedicated computer room, or a restricted access area).

## Heat Dissipation

RG-NBS3200-24SFP/8GT4XS adopts fan for heat dissipation, thereby ensuring normal function of the device in the specified environment. 10 cm distance space should be reserved at both sides and the back plane of the cabinet to allow air circulation. It is recommended to clean the device once every 3 months to avoid dust from blocking vents.

Figure 1-8 Flow Scheme of Heat Dissipation



## LED

LED	Panel Identification	State	Meaning
System status LED	Status	Off	The switch is not receiving power.
		Blinking green (0.5Hz)	The switch is running, but is not connected to Ruijie Cloud.
		Blinking green (10Hz)	The switch is being upgraded or initialized.
		Solid green	The switch is connected to Ruijie Cloud.
10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet port status LED	17-24 (Combo ports)	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.
SFP port status LED	1F-24F	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.
SFP+ port status	25F-28F	Off	The port is not connected.

LED	Panel Identification	State	Meaning
LED		Solid green	The port is connected.

## 1.3 RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P

### Technical Specifications

<b>Model</b>	RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P
<b>CPU</b>	Built-in CPU, single-core processor, 800MHz
<b>BOOTROM</b>	N/A
<b>Flash Memory</b>	256 MB
<b>SDRAM</b>	DDRIII 512MB
<b>Optical Module</b>	<p>See <i>Appendix B</i>. The copper cable is not supported.</p> <p> The supported module type may change at any time. Consult Ruijie Networks for the latest information.</p>
<b>SFP+ Port</b>	10GBase-R 1000Base-X
<b>Power Supply</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● AC input</li> </ul> <p>Rated voltage range: 100V to 240V Maximum voltage range: 90V to 264V Frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated current: 6A</p>
<b>Input Leakage Current</b>	≤3.5mA
<b>EEE</b>	Supported
<b>PoE</b>	<p>Supports PoE and PoE+. All RJ45 ports are PoE-capable with the maximum power output of 30W per port. The overall maximum output power of PoE/PoE+ is 370W.</p> <p> The available number of PDs is determined by PSE output power and PD input power in practice.</p>
<b>PoE Mode</b>	Mode A (data pairs 1-2 and 3-6)
<b>Power Consumption</b>	42W with no PoE load; 432W with PoE full load
<b>Temperature</b>	Operating temperature: 0 °C to 50°C Storage temperature: -40 °C to 70°C
<b>Humidity</b>	Operating humidity: 10% to 90% RH Storage humidity: 5% to 90% RH
<b>Fan</b>	Supports adaptive speed adjustment
<b>Temperature Alarm</b>	Not supported
<b>EMC Standards</b>	GB9254-2008 EN 55032:2015+AC:2016

	EN 61000-3-2:2014 EN 61000-3-3:2013 EN 55035:2017 ETSI EN 300 386 V2.1.1 (2016-07)
<b>Security Standards</b>	GB4943-2011 EN 62638-1
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	440 mm x 357.6 mm x 43.6 mm (with front panel)
<b>Weight</b>	4.75 kg

**i** The RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P switch is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### Product Appearance

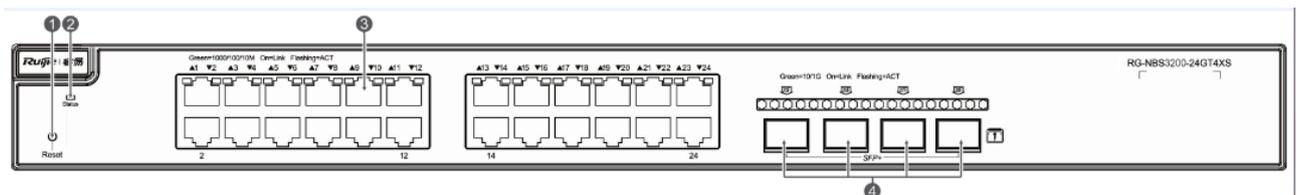
On the front panel, the RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P Ethernet switch provides 24 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet ports and 4 SFP+ ports. On the back panel, it provides an AC power port.

Figure 1-9 Appearance of RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P



### Front Panel

Figure 1-10 Front Panel of RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P

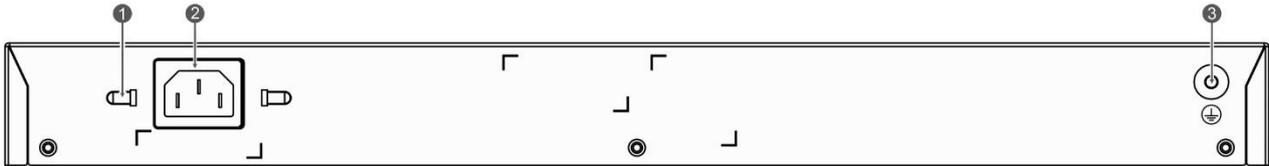


Note:	1. Reset button	5. 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet port
	2. PoE mode switch-over button	6. 10GE SFP+ port
	3. System status LED	
	4. Port mode LED	

- i** The switch reboots after the reset button is pressed for less than 2 seconds.
- i** The switch restores the default factory settings after the reset button is pressed for more than 5 seconds (until the status LED blinks).
- i** Press PoE Mode Switch-Over Button for above 3 seconds to switch the display mode between PoE mode and port rate mode.

## Back Panel

Figure 1-11 Back Panel of RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P



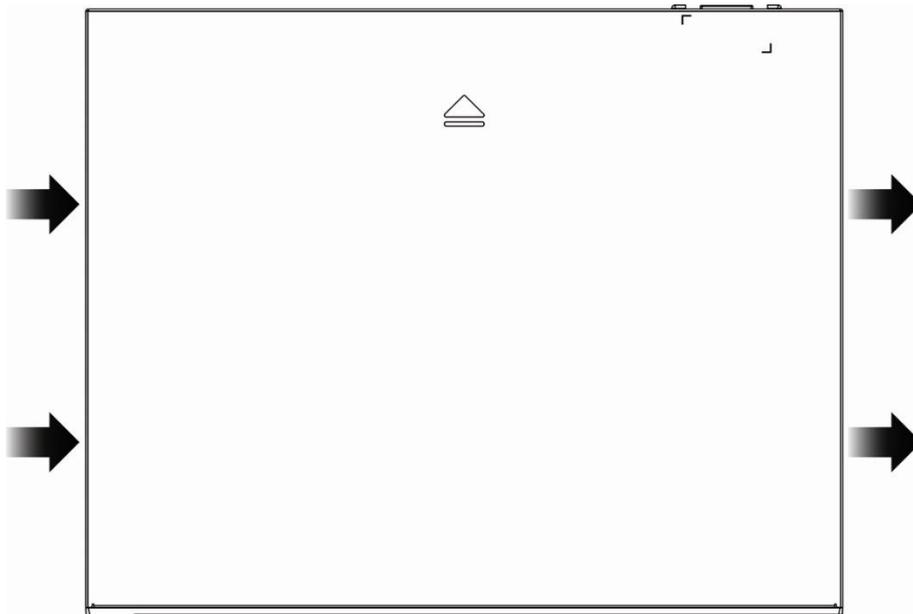
Note:	1. Power cord retention clips 2. Three-hole AC power receptacle	3. Protective earthing terminal
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- i** This device relies on the separate protective earthing terminal.
- i** The device installation shall be permanently connected to building earth by a skilled person.
- i** The device shall be intended to be used in a location having equipotential bonding (such as a telecommunication centre, a dedicated computer room, or a restricted access area).

## Heat Dissipation

RG-NBS3200-24GT4XS-P adopts fans for heat dissipation, thereby ensuring normal function of the device in the specified environment. 10 cm distance space should be reserved at both sides and the back plane of the cabinet to allow air circulation. It is recommended to clean the device once every 3 months to avoid dust from blocking vents.

Figure 1-12 Flow Scheme of Heat Dissipation



## LED

LED	Panel Identification	State	Meaning
System status LED	Status	Off	The switch is not receiving power.
		Blinking green (0.5 Hz)	The switch is running, but is not connected to Ruijie Cloud.
		Blinking green (10Hz)	The switch is being upgraded or initialized.
		Solid green	The switch is connected to Ruijie Cloud.
Port mode LED	LED Mode	Off	Indicates the switching mode.
		Solid green	Indicates the PoE mode.
10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet port status LED	1-24	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
RJ45 port PoE status LED	1-24	Off	PoE is not enabled.
		Solid green	PoE is enabled. The port is operational.
		Blinking green	The port has a PoE fault of overload.
SFP+ port status LED	25F-28F	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.

## 1.4 RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS

### Technical Specifications

<b>Model</b>	RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS
<b>CPU</b>	Built-in CPU, dual-core processor, 1GHz
<b>BOOTROM</b>	N/A
<b>Flash Memory</b>	256 MB
<b>SDRAM</b>	DDRIII 1GB
<b>Optical Module</b>	<p>See <i>Appendix B</i>. The copper cable is not supported.</p> <p> The supported module type may change at any time. Consult Ruijie Networks for the latest information.</p>
<b>SFP+ Port</b>	10GBase-R 1000Base-X
<b>Power Supply</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AC input</li> </ul> <p>Rated voltage range: 100V to 240V Maximum voltage range: 90V to 264V Frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated current: 2A</p>
<b>Input Current Leakage</b>	≤3.5mA
<b>EEE</b>	Supported

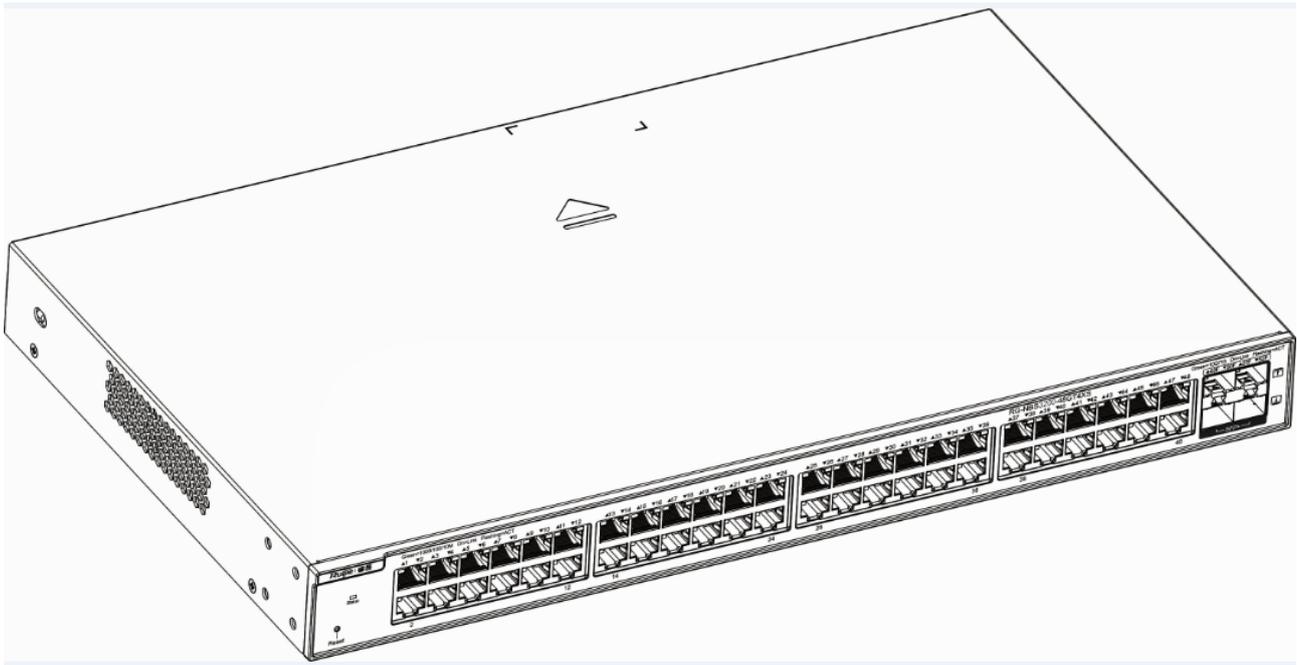
<b>PoE</b>	Not supported
<b>Power Consumption</b>	46W
<b>Temperature</b>	Operating temperature: 0 °C to 50°C Storage temperature: -40 °C to 70°C
<b>Humidity</b>	Operating humidity: 10% to 90% RH Storage humidity: 5% to 95% RH
<b>Fan</b>	Supports adaptive speed adjustment
<b>Temperature Alarm</b>	Not supported
<b>EMC Standards</b>	GB9254-2008 EN 55032:2015+AC:2016 EN 61000-3-2:2014 EN 61000-3-3:2013 EN 55035:2017 ETSI EN 300 386 V2.1.1 (2016-07)
<b>Security Standards</b>	GB4943-2011 EN 62638-1
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	440 mm x 267.5 mm x 43.6 mm (with front panel )
<b>Weight</b>	3.6 kg

 The RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS switch is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## Product Appearance

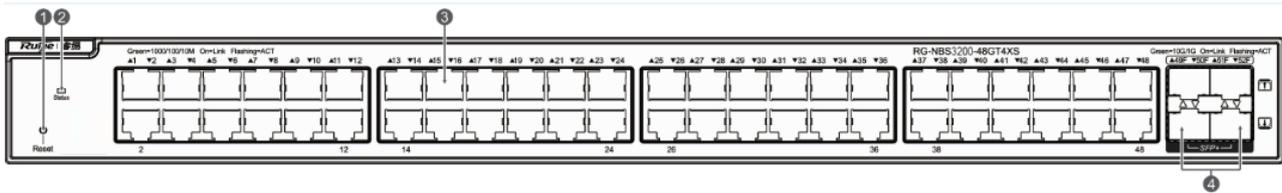
On the front panel, the RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS Ethernet switch provides 48 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet ports and 4 SFP+ ports. On the back panel, it provides an AC power port.

Figure 1-13 Appearance of RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS



### Front Panel

Figure 1-14 Front Panel of RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS

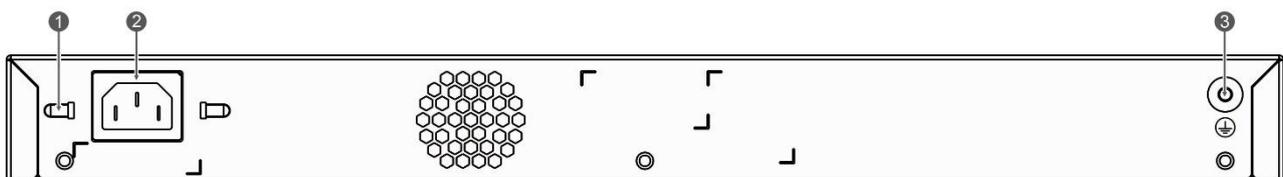


Note:	1. Reset button 2. System status LED	3. 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet port 4. 10GE SFP+ port
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- i The switch reboots after the reset button is pressed for less than 2 seconds.
- i The switch restores the default factory settings after the reset button is pressed for more than 5 seconds (until the status LED blinks).
- i The device shall be intended to be used in a location having equipotential bonding (such as a telecommunication centre, a dedicated computer room, or a restricted access area).

### Back Panel

Figure 1-15 Back Panel of RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS



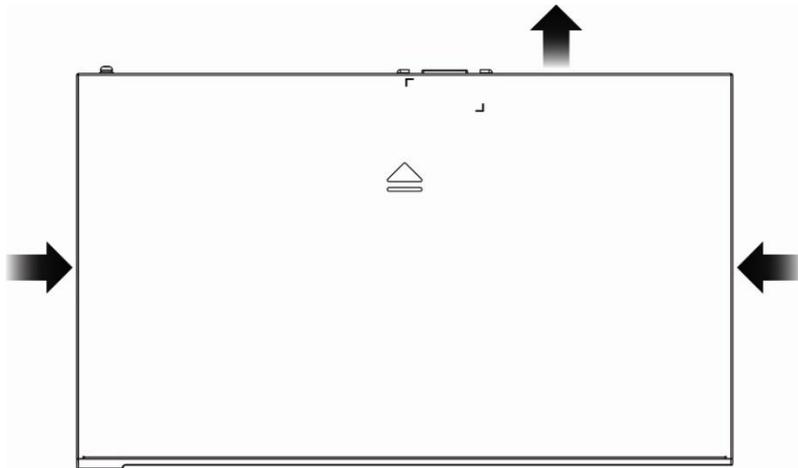
Note:	1. Power cord retention clips 2. Three-hole AC power receptacle	3. Protective earthing terminal
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- i This device relies on the separate protective earthing terminal.
- i The device installation shall be permanently connected to building earth by a skilled person.

## Heat Dissipation

RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS adopts side-to-rear heat dissipation, thereby ensuring normal function of the device in the specified environment. 10 cm distance space should be reserved at both sides and the back plane of the cabinet to allow air circulation. It is recommended to clean the device once every 3 months to avoid dust from blocking vents.

Figure 1-16 Flow Scheme of Heat Dissipation



- i When you install devices, reserve 1U (44.45 cm) distance space between neighbor devices to allow air circulation.

## LED

LED	Panel Identification	State	Meaning
System status LED	Status	Off	The switch is not receiving power.
		Blinking green (0.5Hz)	The switch is running, but is not connected to Ruijie Cloud.
		Blinking green (10Hz)	The switch is being upgraded or initialized.
		Solid green	The switch is connected to Ruijie Cloud.
10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet port status LED	1-48	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.
SFP+ port status LED	49F-52F	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.

## 1.5 RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P

### Technical Specifications

<b>Model</b>	RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P
<b>CPU</b>	Built-in CPU, dual-core processor, 1GHz

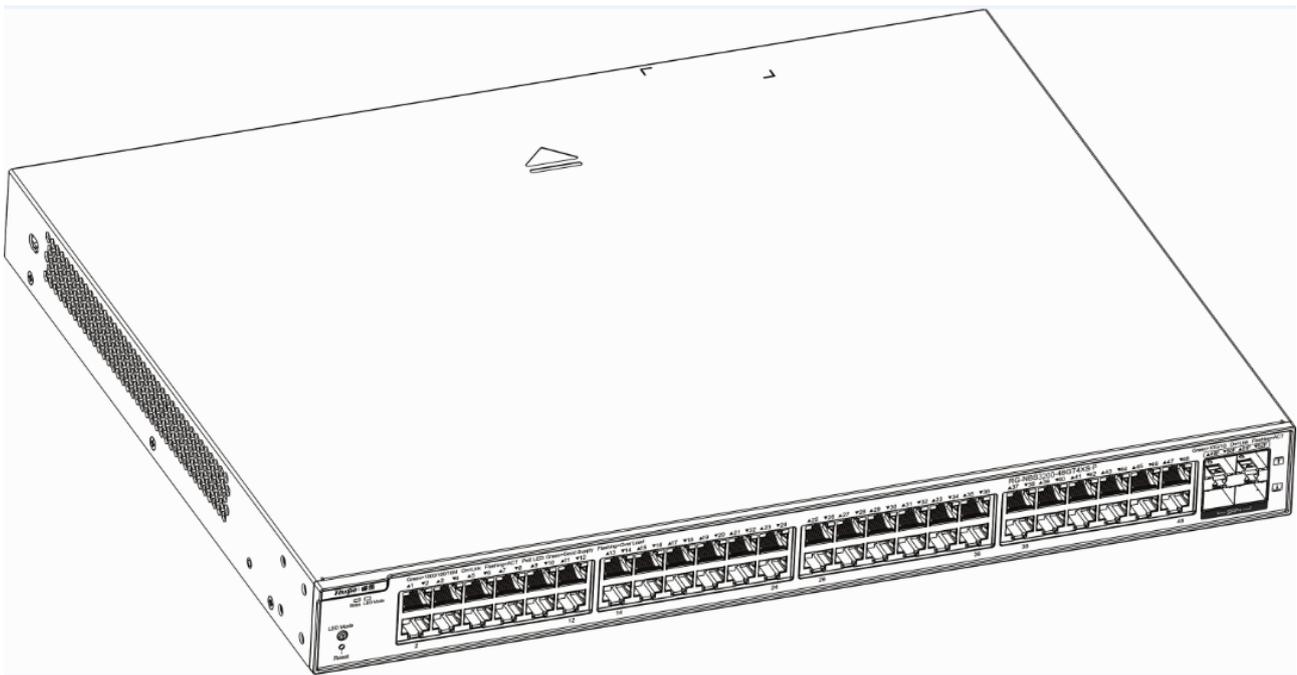
<b>BOOTROM</b>	N/A
<b>Flash Memory</b>	256 MB
<b>SDRAM</b>	DDRIII 512MB
<b>Optical Module</b>	<p>See <i>Appendix B</i>. The copper cable is not supported.</p> <p> The supported module type may change at any time. Consult Ruijie Networks for the latest information.</p>
<b>SFP+ Port</b>	10GBase-R 1000Base-X
<b>Power Supply</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● AC input</li> </ul> <p>Rated voltage range: 100V to 240V Maximum voltage range: 90V to 264V Frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated current: 7A</p>
<b>Input Leakage Current</b>	≤3.5mA
<b>EEE</b>	Supported
<b>PoE</b>	<p>Supports PoE and PoE+. All RJ45 ports are PoE-capable with the maximum power output of 30W per port. The overall maximum output power of PoE/PoE+ is 370W.</p> <p> The available number of PDs is determined by PSE output power and PD input power in practice.</p>
<b>PoE Mode</b>	Mode A (data pairs 1-2 and 3-6)
<b>Power Consumption</b>	62W with no PoE load; 448W with PoE full load
<b>Temperature</b>	Operating temperature: 0 °C to 50°C Storage temperature: -40 °C to 70°C
<b>Humidity</b>	Operating humidity: 10% to 90% RH Storage humidity: 5% to 90% RH
<b>Fan</b>	Supports adaptive speed adjustment
<b>Temperature Alarm</b>	Not supported
<b>EMC Standards</b>	GB9254-2008 EN 55032:2015+AC:2016 EN 61000-3-2:2014 EN 61000-3-3:2013 EN 55035:2017 ETSI EN 300 386 V2.1.1 (2016-07)
<b>Security Standards</b>	GB4943-2011 EN 62638-1
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	440 mm x 357.6 mm x 43.6 mm (with front panel)
<b>Weight</b>	5.4 kg

**i** The RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P switch is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### Product Appearance

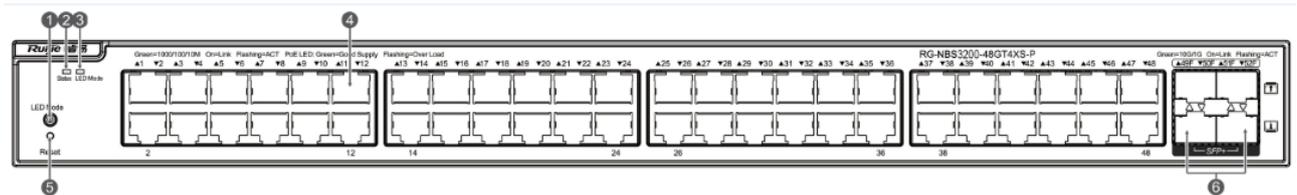
On the front panel, the RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P Ethernet switch provides 48 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet ports and 4 SFP+ ports. On the back panel, it provides an AC power port.

Figure 1-17 Appearance of RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P



### Front Panel

Figure 1-18 Front Panel of RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P



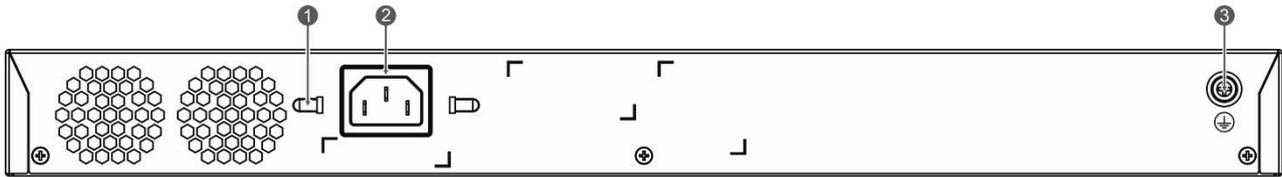
Note:	1. PoE mode switch-over button 2. Port mode LED 3. System status LED	5. 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet port 6. Reset button 6. 10GE SFP+ port
-------	--	---

- i** The switch reboots after the reset button is pressed for less than 2 seconds.
- i** The switch restores the default factory settings after the reset button is pressed for more than 5 seconds (until the status LED blinks).

- Press PoE Mode Switch-Over Button for above 3 seconds to switch the display mode between PoE mode and port rate mode.

## Back Panel

Figure 1-19 Back Panel of RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P



Note:

1. Power cord retention clips

2. Three-hole AC power receptacle

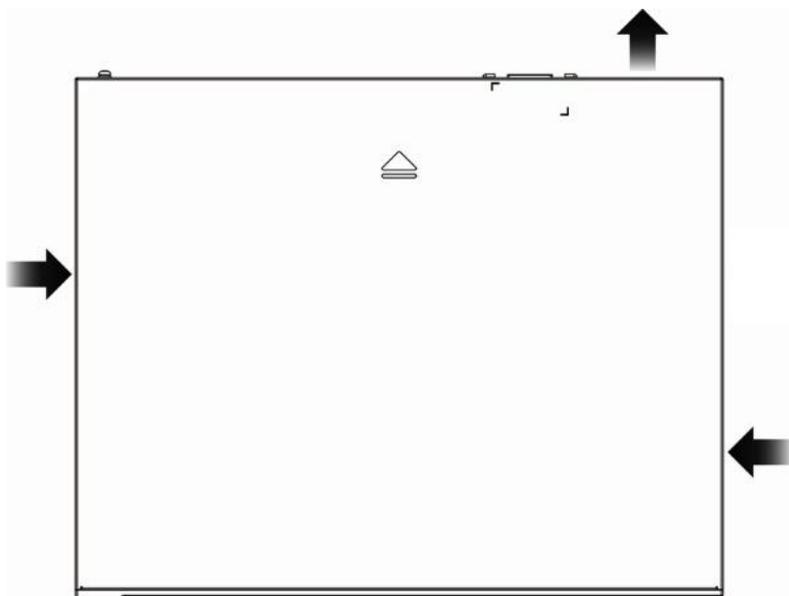
3. Protective earthing terminal

- This device relies on the separate protective earthing terminal.
- The device installation shall be permanently connected to building earth by a skilled person.
- The device shall be intended to be used in a location having equipotential bonding (such as a telecommunication centre, a dedicated computer room, or a restricted access area).

## Heat Dissipation

RG-NBS3200-48GT4XS-P adopts side-to-rear heat dissipation, thereby ensuring normal function of the device in the specified environment. 10 cm distance space should be reserved at both sides and the back plane of the cabinet to allow air circulation. It is recommended to clean the device once every 3 months to avoid dust from blocking vents.

Figure 1-20 Flow Scheme of Heat Dissipation



- When you install devices, reserve 1U (44.45 cm) distance space between neighbor devices to allow air circulation.

## LED

LED	Panel Identification	State	Meaning
System status LED	Status	Off	The switch is not receiving power.
		Blinking green (0.5Hz)	The switch is running, but is not connected to Ruijie Cloud.
		Blinking green (10Hz)	The switch is being upgraded or initialized.
		Solid green	The switch is connected to Ruijie Cloud.
Port mode LED	LED Mode	Off	Indicates the switching mode.
		Solid green	Indicates the PoE mode.
10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet port status LED	1-48	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic at 10/100/1000 Mbps.
RJ45 port PoE status LED	1-48	Off	PoE is not enabled.
		Solid green	PoE is enabled. The port is operational.
		Blinking green	The port has a PoE fault of overload.
SFP+ port status LED	49F-52F	Off	The port is not connected.
		Solid green	The port is connected.
		Blinking green	The port is receiving or transmitting traffic.

## 2 Preparation before Installation

### 2.1 Safety Suggestions

To avoid personal injury and equipment damage, please carefully read the safety suggestions before you install the RG-NBS3200 series.



The following safety suggestions may not cover all possible dangers.

---

#### 2.1.1 Installation

- Keep the chassis clean and free from dust.
- Do not place the equipment in a passage.
- Do not wear loose clothes or any other things that may be caught by the chassis during installation and maintenance.
- Turn off all power supplies and remove the power sockets and cables before installing or uninstalling the device.

#### 2.1.2 Movement

- Do not frequently move the device.
- While moving the device, keep its balance and avoid your legs, feet and back from being hurt.
- Before moving the device, turn off all power supplies and dismantle all power modules.

#### 2.1.3 Electricity

- Observe local regulations and specifications when performing electric operations. Relevant operators must be qualified.
- Before installing the device, carefully check any potential danger in the surroundings, such as ungrounded power supply, and damp/wet ground or floor.
- Before installing the device, find out the location of the emergency power supply switch in the room. First cut off the power supply in the case of an accident.
- Try to avoid maintaining the switch that is powered-on alone.
- Be sure to make a careful check before you shut down the power supply.
- Do not place the equipment in a damp location. Do not let any liquid enter the chassis.



Any non-standard and inappropriate electric operations may cause an accident such as a fire or electrical shock, thus causing severe even fatal damage to human bodies and equipment.



Direct or indirect touch through a wet object on high-voltage and commercial electricity may bring a fatal danger.



If a power supply system is equipped with a leakage protector (also referred to as "leakage current switch" or "leakage current breaker"), the rated leakage action current of each leakage protector is greater than twice of the theoretical maximum leakage current of all the power supplies in the system. For example, if a system is equipped with eight identical power supplies, the leakage current of each power supply is equal to or less than 3.5 mA, and the leakage current of the system totals 56 mA. A leakage protector with 30 mA rated action current supports less

than five power supplies (that is, Action current of the leakage protector/2/Maximum leakage current of each power supply =  $30/2/3.5 = 4.28$ ). In other words, the leakage protector with 30 mA rated action current supports no more than four power supplies. In this case, the sixteen power supplies in the system require at least four leakage protectors with 30 mA rated action current and each leakage protector supports four power supplies. If power supplies in a system differ in models, the rated leakage action current of each leakage protector divided by two is greater than the sum of maximum leakage currents of all the power supplies. The rated leakage non-action current of a leakage protector shall be 50% of the leakage action current. Take a leakage protector with 30 mA rated leakage action current as an example. The rated leakage non-action current shall be 15 mA. When the leakage current is below 15 mA, the protector shall not act. Otherwise, misoperation may easily occur due to high sensitivity and thus the leakage protector trips, devices are powered off, and services are interrupted.

 To guarantee personal safety, the rated leakage action current of each leakage protector in the system must be equal to or less than 30 mA (human body safety current is 30 mA). When twice of the total leakage current of the system is greater than 30 mA, the system must be equipped with two or more leakage protectors.

 For the leakage current value of each power supply model, see the power supply model parameter table in Chapter 1.

---

## 2.1.4 ESD

To prevent Electronic Static Discharge (ESD), pay attention to the following:

- Proper grounding of grounding screws on the back panel of the device. Use of a three-wire single-phase socket with protective earth wire (PE) as the AC power socket.
- Indoor dust prevention
- Proper humidity conditions

## 2.1.5 Laser

The RG-NBS3200 series switches support varying models of optical modules sold on the market which are Class I laser products. Improper use of optical modules may cause damage. Therefore, pay attention to the following when you use them:

- When a fiber transceiver works, ensure that the port has been connected with an optical fiber or is covered with a dust cap, to keep out dust and avoid burning your eyes.
- When the optical module is working, do not pull out the fiber cable and stare into the transceiver interface or you may hurt your eyes.

 Do not stare into any optical port under any circumstances, as this may cause permanent damage to your eyes.

---

## 2.1.6 Battery

The RG-NBS3200 series switches support the button cell battery. Improper use of battery may cause damage. Therefore, pay attention to the following when you use them:

 Risk of fire or explosion or defeat the safeguard of equipment if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.

 Disposal of a battery into fire or a hot oven, or mechanically crushing or cutting of a battery, that can result in an explosion.

---

-  High or low extreme temperatures or low air pressure at high altitude that the battery can be subjected to during use, storage or transportation.
-  Leaving the battery in an extremely high temperature and/or low air pressure surrounding environment that can result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.

## 2.2 Installation Site Requirements

To ensure the normal working and a prolonged durable life of the equipment, the installation site must meet the following requirements.

### 2.2.1 Ventilation

For the RG-NBS3200 series, a sufficient space (at least 10 cm distances from both sides and the back plane of the cabinet) should be reserved at the ventilation openings to ensure the normal ventilation. After various cables have been connected, they should be arranged into bundles or placed on the cabling rack to avoid blocking the air inlets. It is recommended to clean the switch at regular intervals (like once every 3 months). Especially, avoid dust from blocking the screen mesh on the back of the cabinet.

### 2.2.2 Temperature and Humidity

To ensure the normal operation and prolong the service life of RG-NBS3200 series switch, you should keep proper temperature and humidity in the equipment room.

If the equipment room has temperature and humidity that do not meet the requirements for a long time, the equipment may be damaged.

- In an environment with high relative humidity, the insulating material may have bad insulation or even leak electricity. Sometimes the materials may suffer from mechanical performance change and metallic parts may get rusted.
- In an environment with low relative humidity, however, the insulating strip may dry and shrink. Static electricity may occur easily and endanger the circuit on the equipment.
- In an environment with high temperature, the equipment is subject to even greater harm, as its performance may degrade significantly and various hardware faults may occur.

Therefore, the ambient temperature and humidity of the RG-NBS3200 series must meet the requirements listed in Table 2-1:

Table 2-1 Temperature and Humidity Requirements of the RG-NBS3200 Series Switch

Temperature	Relative Humidity
0 °C to 50°C	10% to 90%

-  The requirements for the sampling site of the temperature and humidity in the operating environment of the device are as follows:
  - There is no protective plate at the front or back of the equipment rack.
  - The vertical height is 1.5 m above the floor.
  - The distance from the front panel of the equipment is 0.4 m.

### 2.2.3 Cleanness

Dust poses a severe threat to the running of the equipment. The indoor dust falling on the equipment may be adhered by the static electricity, causing bad contact of the metallic joint. Such electrostatic adherence may occur more easily when the relative humidity is low, not only affecting the useful life of the equipment, but also causing communication faults. Table 2-2 shows the requirements for the dust content and granularity in the equipment room.

Table 2-2 Requirements for the Dust Content and Granularity in the Equipment Room

Dust	Unit	Density
Diameter $\geq$ 0.5 $\mu$ m	Particles/m <sup>3</sup>	$\leq 3.5 \times 10^6$
Diameter $\geq$ 5 $\mu$ m	Particles/m <sup>3</sup>	$\leq 3 \times 10^4$

Apart from dust, the salt, acid and sulfide in the air in the equipment room must also meet strict requirements, as such poisonous substances may accelerate the corrosion of the metal and the aging of some parts. The equipment room should be protected from the intrusion of harmful gases such as sulfur dioxide, sulfured hydrogen, nitrogen dioxide, and chlorine), whose requirements are listed in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3 Requirements for Harmful Gases in the Equipment Room

Gas	Average (mg/m3)	Maximum (mg/m3)
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.3	1.0
H <sub>2</sub> S	0.1	0.5
NO <sub>2</sub>	0.5	1.0
Cl <sub>2</sub>	0.1	0.3

 Both average and maximum value are measured for a week. The switch cannot be placed in the environment with the maximum density for over 30 minutes every day. ...

### 2.2.4 Interference Resistance

The switch is vulnerable to external interface caused by capacity coupling, inductance coupling, electromagnetic wave radiation, common impedance (including grounding system) coupling and conducting wires (including power cords, signal and output wires). Therefore, the following points should be noted:

- The AC power supplying system is the TN system. The single-phase three-wire socket with protecting grounding must be used as the socket for the power supply to enable the device's upper filter circuit to effectively filter the power interface.
- The switch should be far from high-power radio transmitting stations, radar stations and high-frequency and large-current devices.
- Electromagnetic shielding methods should be applied when necessary, such as using the shielded cable as the interface cable.
- Cables must be connected to interfaces inside the room to prevent damage to the device's signal ports caused by over-voltage and over-current generated by thunder and lightning.

### 2.2.5 Grounding

A good grounding system is the basis for the stable and reliable operation of the RG-NBS3200 series switches. It is the chief condition to prevent lightning stroke and resist interference. Please carefully check the grounding conditions on the installation site according to the grounding requirements, and perform grounding operations properly as required.

- 
- ⚠ Effective grounding of the switch is an important guarantee for lightning protection and interference resistance. Therefore, connect the grounding line of the switch properly.
- 

## Safety Grounding

The equipment using AC power supply must be grounded by using the yellow/green safety grounding cable. Otherwise, when the insulating resistance decreases the power supply and the enclosure in the equipment, electric shock may occur.

- 
- ⚠ The building must provide protective grounding connection to ensure that the device is connected to the protection location.
- ⚠ The installation and maintenance personnel must check whether the A.C. socket is well connected to the protection location of the building, if not, they should use a protective grounding wire to connect the grounding end of the A.C. socket to the building's protection location.
- ⚠ The power supply socket must be installed in a place that is near to the device and where users can operate the device easily.
- ⚠ Before the installation of the device, make sure that ground connection is connected at first and disconnected finally.
- ⚠ The sectional area of the protective grounding wire should be at least  $0.75 \text{ mm}^2$  (18 AWG).
- ⚠ Use the 3-core power supply line. The sectional area of each pin should be at least  $0.75 \text{ mm}^2$  or 18 AWG.
- 

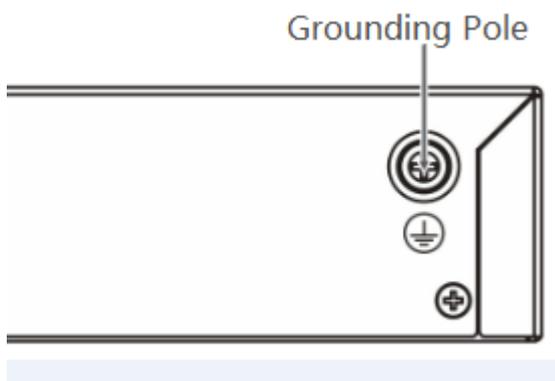
## Lightning Grounding

The lightning protection system of a facility is an independent system that consists of the lightning rod, downlead conductor and the connector to the grounding system, which usually shares the power reference ground and yellow/green safety cable ground. The lightning discharge ground is for the facility only, irrelevant to the equipment.

## EMC Grounding

The grounding required for EMC design includes shielding ground, filter ground, noise and interference suppression, and level reference. All the above constitute the comprehensive grounding requirements. The resistance of earth wires should be less than 1 ohm. The RG-NBS3200 series switch back plane is reserved with one grounding pole, as shown in Figure 2-1.

Figure 2-1 Grounding of RG-NBS3200



## 2.2.6 Lightning Resistance

When the AC power cable is imported outdoors and directly connected to the power port of the RG-NBS3200 series switch, lightning line bank should be adopted to prevent the switch from being hit by lightning shocks. Usage of the lightning line bank: Connect the mains supply AC cable to the lightning line bank. Then, connect the switch to the lightning line bank. This can help to prevent the current of high-voltage lightning from passing the switch directly through the mains supply cable to a certain extent.

-  The lightning line banks are not provided and should be purchased by users as required.  
For the usage of lightning line banks, refer to their related manuals.

## 2.2.7 EMI

Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI), from either outside or inside the equipment or application system, affects the system in the conductive ways such as capacitive coupling, inductive coupling, and electromagnetic radiation.

There are two types of electromagnetic interference: radiated interference and conducted interference, depending on the type of the transmission path.

When the energy, often RF energy, from a component arrives at a sensitive component via the space, the energy is known as radiated interference. The interference source can be either a part of the interfered system or a completely electrically isolated unit. Conducted interference results from the electromagnetic wire or signal cable connection between the source and the sensitive component, along which cable the interference conducts from one unit to another. Conducted interference often affects the power supply of the equipment, but can be controlled by a filter. Radiated interference may affect any signal path in the equipment and is difficult to shield.

- For the AC power supply system TN, single-phase three-core power socket with protective earthing conductors (PE) should be adopted to effectively filter out interference from the power grid through the filtering circuit.
- The grounding device of the switch must not be used as the grounding device of the electrical equipment or anti-lightning grounding device. In addition, the grounding device of the switch must be deployed far away from the grounding device of the electrical equipment and anti-lightning grounding device.
- Keep the equipment away from high-power radio transmitter, radar transmitting station, and high-frequency large-current device.
- Measures must be taken to shield static electricity.

Interface cables should be laid inside the equipment room. Outdoor cabling is prohibited, avoiding damages to device signal interfaces caused by over-voltage or over-current of lightning.

## 2.3 Installation Tools

Table 2-4 List of Installation Tools

<b>Common Tools</b>	Phillips screwdriver, flathead screwdriver, related electric cables and optical cables, bolts, diagonal pliers, straps
<b>Special Tools</b>	Anti-static tools
<b>Meters</b>	Multimeter

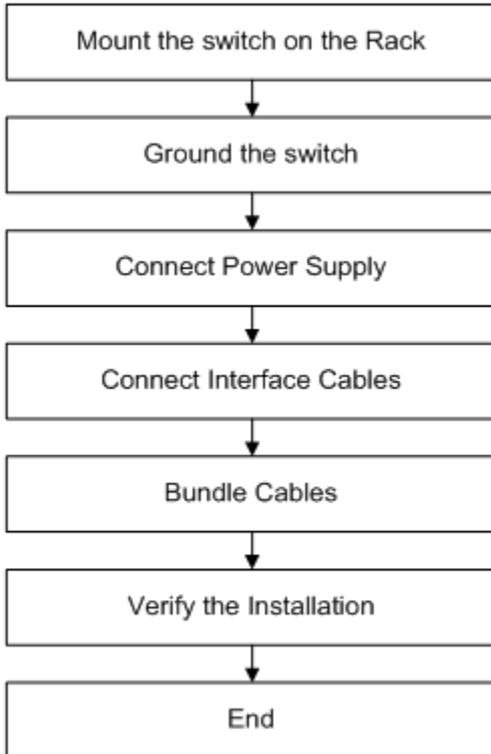
-  The tool kit is customer-supplied.



## 3 Product Installation

- i** Please ensure that you have carefully read Chapter 2.  
Make sure that the requirements set forth in Chapter 2 have been met.

### 3.1 Installation Flowchart



### 3.2 Confirmations before Installation

Before installation, please confirm the following points:

- Whether ventilation requirements are met for the switch
- Whether the requirements of temperature and humidity are met for the switch
- Whether power cables are already laid out and whether the requirements of electrical current are met
- Whether related network adaption lines are already laid out

### 3.3 Installing the RG-NBS3200

#### Precautions

During installation, note the following points:

- Connect the power cables of different colors to the corresponding grounding posts.

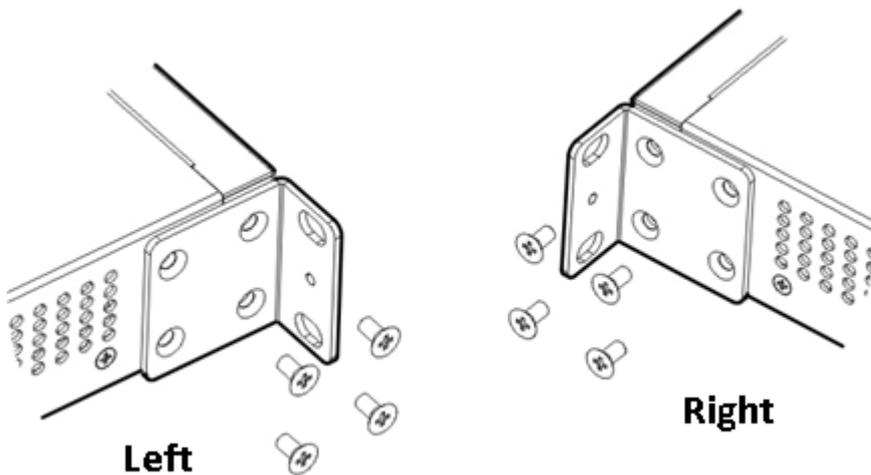
- Ensure that the interface of the power supply cable is well connected to the power interface of the device. The power cables must be protected using power cable retention clips after they are connected to the device.
- Do not place any articles on the RG-NBS3200 series switch.
- Reserve a spacing of at least 10 cm around the chassis for good ventilation. Do not stack the devices.
- The switch should be located at places free from the large power radio launch pad, radar launch pad, and high-frequency large-current devices. If necessary, electromagnetic shielding should be adopted. For example, use interface cables to shield cables.
- 100-meter network cables should be laid inside the equipment room and outdoor cabling of such cables is prohibited. If outdoor cabling is necessary, take relevant measures for lightning protection.

### 3.3.1 Mounting the Switch to a Standard 19-inch Rack

The RG-NBS3200 series switches follow the EIA standard dimensions and can be installed in 19-inch rack.

Step 1: Attach the mounting brackets to the switch with the supplied screws, as shown in Figure 3-1.

Figure 3-1 Attaching the Mounting Bracket to the Switch



Step 2: Use the supplied M6 screws and cage nuts to securely attach the mounting brackets to the rack, as shown in Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3.

Figure 3-2 Attaching the Brackets to the Rack

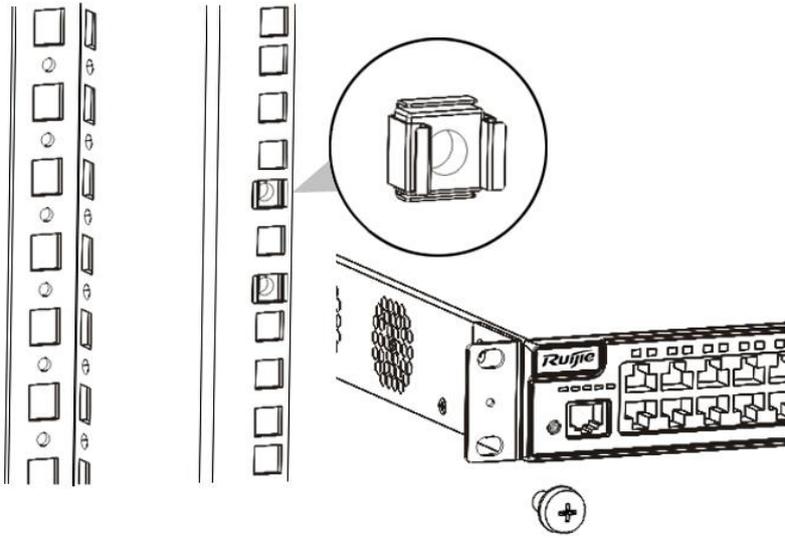
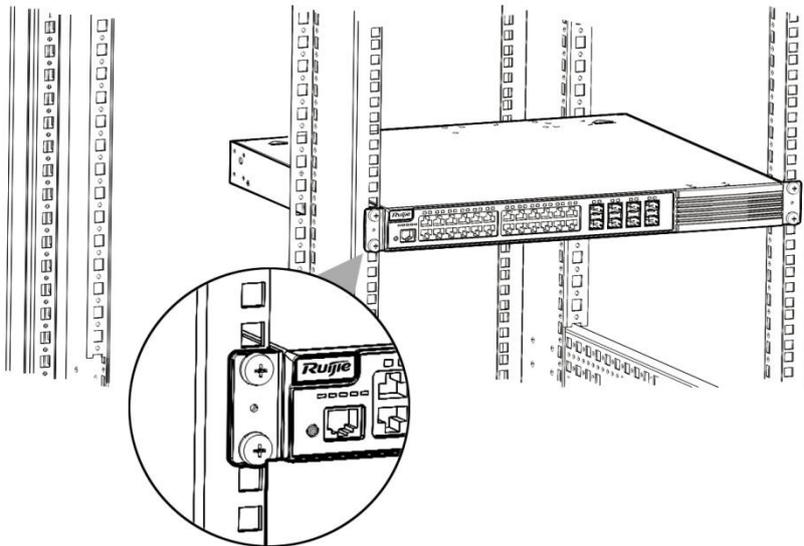


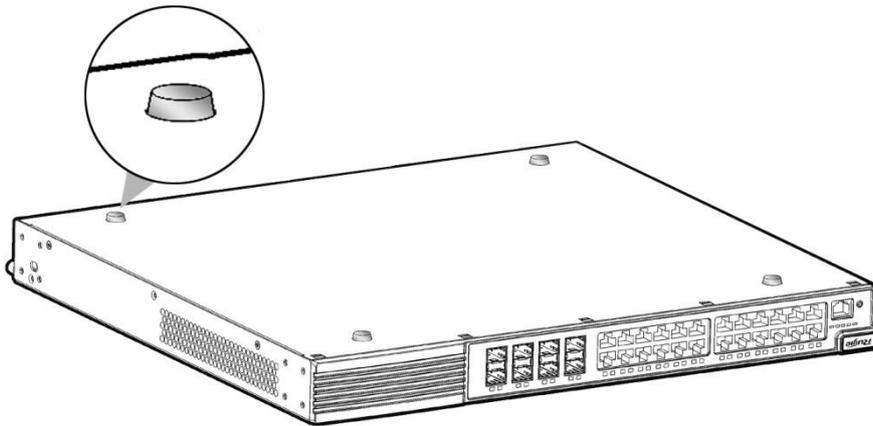
Figure 3-3 Attaching the Brackets to the Rack



### 3.3.2 Mounting the Switch on a Table

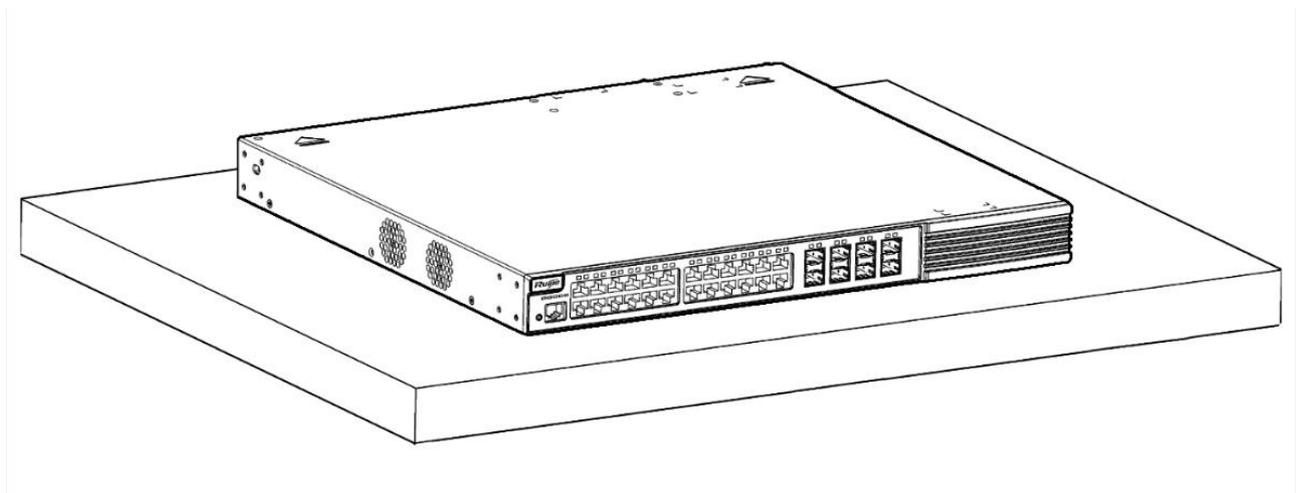
Attach the four rubber pads to the recessed areas on the bottom of the switch, as shown in Figure 3-4 and Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-4 Attaching the Rubber Feet to the Recessed Areas



Place the switch on the table, as shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5 Mounting the Switch on the Table



 The device must be installed and operated in the place that can restrict its movement.

### 3.4 Grounding the Switch

RG-NBS3200 has a PGND on the back panel. First connect the PGND to the grounding lug of the rack and then connect the grounding lug to the grounding bar of the equipment room.

#### Precautions

- The sectional area of the grounding wire should be determined according to the possible maximum current. Cables of good conductor should be used.
- Do not use bare wire.
- The grounding electric resistance should be less than 1Ω.

- 
-  To guarantee the security of the body and the device, the switch must be well-grounded. The grounding resistance for combined grounding should be less than 1Ω.
  -  The maintenance personnel shall check whether or not the AC socket powering the switch is well connected to the building protective earth (PE). If not, the personnel shall connect the grounding lug of the AC socket with the PE by using a grounding connector.
  -  The AC socket shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily used.
  -  When installing the switch, make sure the grounding is connected first and disconnected last.
  -  The cross-sectional area of PE conductor shall be at least 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (12AWG).
- 

## 3.5 Connecting the External Cables

### Precautions

- Correctly distinguish single-mode and multi-mode fibers and ports.
- Avoid bends of small radius at the connector.

### Steps

Step 1: Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the MGMT port of the device, and the other end to the NMS or a control terminal.

Step 2: Insert the single-mode or multi-mode fiber into the appropriate port according to the identification on the panel of the module.

Step 3: Insert the twisted pair with the RJ45 connector into the appropriate port according to the identification on the panel of the module. Distinguish the crossover cable and straight-through cable.

## 3.6 Bundling the Cables

### Precautions

- The power cables and other cables should be bundled in a pleasing way.
- When you bundle fibers, make sure that the fibers at the connectors have natural bends or bends of large radius.
- Do not bundle fibers and twisted pairs too tightly, as this may press hard the fibers and affect their service time and transmission performance.

### Steps

- Bind the drooping part of the fibers and twisted pairs of each board, and lead them to both sides of the chassis for convenience.
- On the both sides of the chassis, fasten the fibers and twisted pairs to the cabinet cable management ring or cabling chute.
- For the power cables, you should bundle them closely along the bottom of the chassis, in a straight line wherever possible.

## 3.7 Checking after Installation

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Before checking the installation, switch off the power supply to avoid any personal injury or damage to the component due to connection errors.

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- Check that the ground line is connected.
- Check that the cables and power input cables are correctly connected.
- Check that all interface cables are laid out inside the equipment room. In the case of external cabling, check that the lightning resistance socket or network interface lightning protector is connected.
- Check that sufficient airflow is available around the device (over 10 cm).

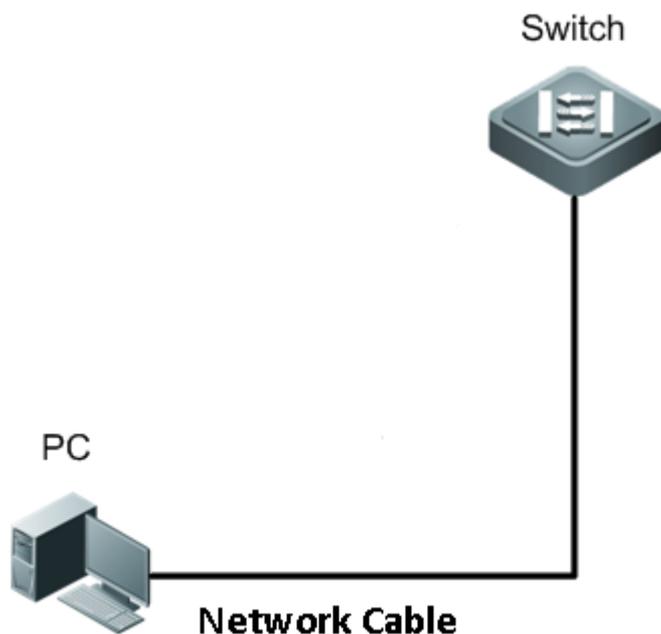
## 4 System Commissioning

### 4.1 Establishing the Configuration Environment

#### Establishing the Configuration Environment

Use the network cable to connect the PC to the switch.

Figure 4-1 Configuration Environment



#### Connecting the Console Cable

- Connect the one end (RJ-45 port) of the network cable to the network port of the PC.
- Connect the other end (RJ-45 port) of the network cable to any Ethernet port of the switch.

#### Configuring the Device

Step 1: Start the PC and configure the IP address of the PC as 10.44.77.XXX. (10.44.77.XXX indicates the IP address which is in the same network as the switch. XXX is in the range of 1 to 255, excluding 200. )

.Step 2: Log in to the switch by accessing the IP address of 10.44.77.200 on a browser. The default password is admin..

### 4.2 Power-on Startup

#### Checking before Power-on

- The switch is fully grounded.
- The power cable is correctly connected.
- The power cable is buckled after connected.
- The power supply voltage complies with the requirement of the switch.

- The console cable is correctly connected; the PC is already started; the parameters are already configured.

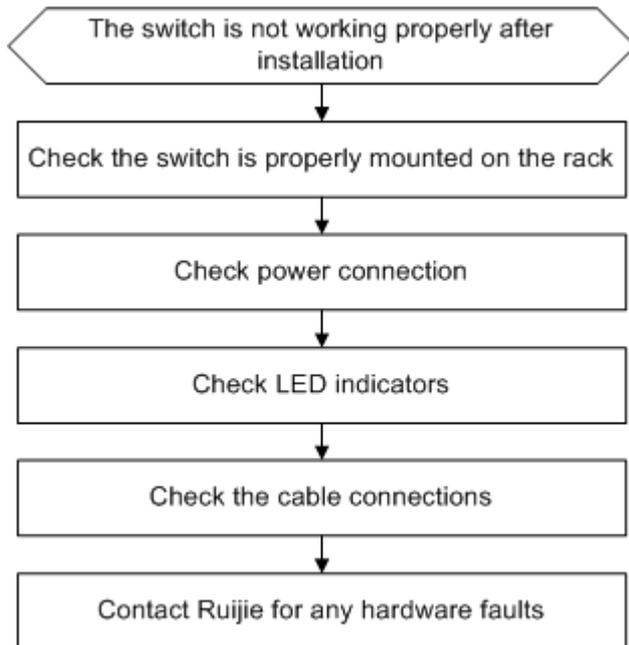
### **Checking after Power-on (Recommended)**

After power-on, you are recommended to perform the following checks to ensure the normal operation of follow-up configurations.

- Check whether the status of the switch indicator is normal.
- Check whether the main program is loaded normally.
- Check whether the service interface forwards data normally.

## 5 Troubleshooting

### 5.1 General Troubleshooting Flowchart



### 5.2 Troubleshooting Common Faults

Symptom	Possible Causes	Solution
Forgetting the management interface login password	A password is manually configured but it is forgotten.	Press the reset button to restore the default settings.
The Status LED is off after power-on.	The power supply is not enabled, or the power cable is loosened.	Check whether the power socket is normal. Check whether the power cable is correctly connected.
The RJ45 port is not in connectivity or it is erroneous in receiving/transmitting frames.	The connected twisted pair cable is faulty. The length of the cable exceeds 100 m. The port has special configuration that has no common working mode with the connected switch.	Replace the twisted pair cable. Check that the port configuration has the common working mode with the connected switch.
The fiber port cannot be connected.	The Rx and Tx ends are connected reversely. The interconnected optical module type does not match. The fiber type is not correct. The length of the optical fiber exceeds	Switch the Rx and Tx ends of the optical fiber. Replace the optical module with one of the matched type. Replace the optical fiber with one of the appropriate type. Replace the optical fiber with one of the

	that rated of the optical module.	appropriate length.
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## Appendix A Connectors and Connection Media

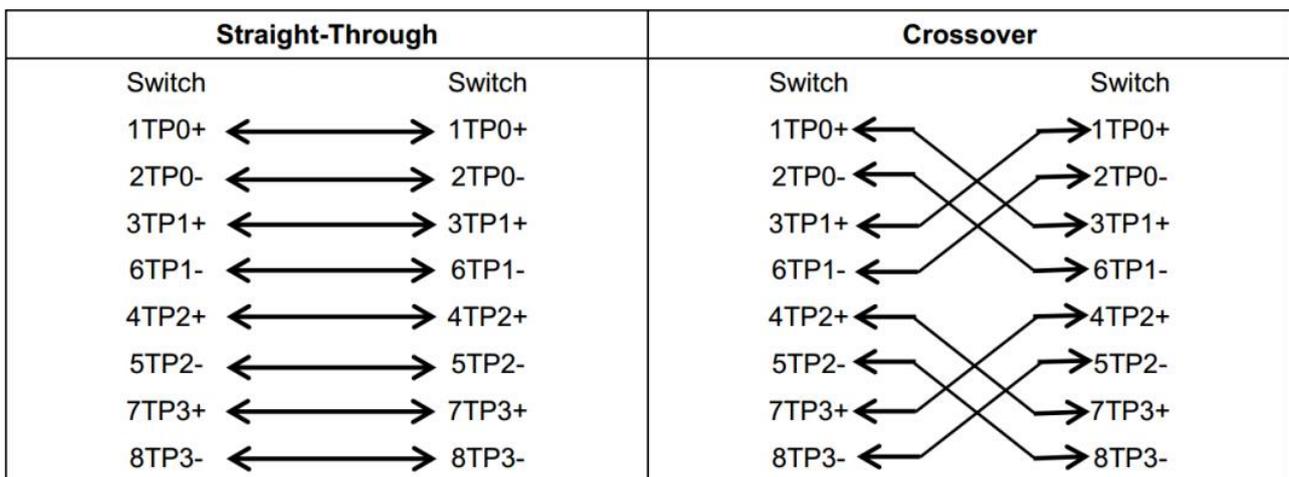
### 1000BASE-T/100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Ports

The 1000BASE-T/100BASE-TX/10BASE-T is a port that supports adaptation of three rates, and automatic MDI/MDIX Crossover at these three rates.

The 1000BASE-T complies with IEEE 802.3ab, and uses the cable of 100-ohm Category-5 or Supper Category-5 UTP or STP, which can be up to 100 m.

The 1000BASE-T port uses four pairs of wires for transmission, all of which must be connected. Figure A-1 shows the connections of the twisted pairs used by the 1000BASE-T port.

Figure A-1 Schematic Diagram for the Four Twisted Pairs of the 1000BASE-T



In addition to the above cables, the 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T can also use 100-ohm Category-3, 4, 5 cables for 10 Mbps, and 100-ohm Category-5 cables for 100 Mbps, both of which can be up to 100 m. 0 shows the pinouts of the 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T.

Figure A-2 Pinouts of the 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T

Pin	Socket	Plug
1	Input Receive Data+	Output Transmit Data+
2	Input Receive Data-	Output Transmit Data-
3	Output Transmit Data+	Input Receive Data+
6	Output Transmit Data-	Input Receive Data-
4,5,7,8	Not used	Not used

Figure A-3 shows the straight-through and crossover cable connections for the 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T.

Figure A-3 Connections of the Twisted Pairs of the 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T

Straight-Through		Crossover	
Switch	Adapter	Switch	Switch
1 IRD+	1 OTD+	1 IRD+	1 IRD+
2 IRD-	2 OTD-	2 IRD-	2 IRD-
3 OTD+	3 IRD+	3 OTD+	3 OTD+
6 OTD-	6 IRD-	6 OTD-	6 OTD-

**Optical Fiber Connection**

For the optical fiber ports, select single-mode or multiple-mode optical fibers for connection according to the fiber module connected. The connection schematic diagram is shown in Figure A-4:

Figure A-4 Schematic Diagram for optical fiber connection



## Appendix B Mini-GBIC and SFP+ Module

SFP module (Mini-GBIC module) and 10G SFP+ module are available to address the requirements of interface types of switch modules. You can select the Mini-GBIC or SFP+ module to suit your specific needs. Besides the following modules, the 10G SFP+ module also supports the Mini-GBIC-GT module. The models and technical specifications of some Mini-GBIC and 10G SFP+ modules are listed below for your reference.

**Table B-1 Models and Technical Specifications of the 1000M Mini-GBIC Module**

Model	Wave Length (nm)	Media Type	DDM (Yes/No)	Intensity of Transmitted Light (dBm)		Intensity of Received Light (dBm)	
				Min	Max	Min	Max
MINI-GBIC-SX-MM850	850	MMF	No	-9.5	-3	-17	0
MINI-GBIC-LX-SM1310	1310	SMF	No	-9.5	-3	-20	-3
GE-eSFP-SX-MM850	850	MMF	Yes	-9.5	-3	-17	0
GE-eSFP-LX-SM1310	1310	SMF	Yes	-9.5	-3	-20	-3
GE-SFP-LX-SM1310	1310	SMF	No	-9.5	-3	-20	-3
MINI-GBIC-LH40-SM1310	1310	SMF	Yes	-2	3	-22	-3
GE-SFP-SX-SM1310-BIDI	1310	MMF	No	-10	-5	-17	-3
GE-SFP-SX-SM1550-BIDI	1550	MMF	No	-10	-5	-17	-3
GE-SFP-LX20-SM1310-BIDI	1310TX/1550RX	SMF	Yes	-9	-3	-20	-3
GE-SFP-LX20-SM1550-BIDI	1550TX/1310RX	SMF	Yes	-9	-3	-20	-3
GE-SFP-LH40-SM1310-BIDI	1310TX/1550RX	SMF	Yes	-5	0	-24	-1
GE-SFP-LH40-SM1550-BIDI	1550TX/1310RX	SMF	Yes	-5	0	-24	-1
MINI-GBIC-ZX50-SM1550	1550	SMF	Yes	-5	0	-22	-3
MINI-GBIC-ZX80-SM1550	1550	SMF	Yes	0	4.7	-22	-3
MINI-GBIC-ZX100-S	1550	SMF	Yes	0	5	-30	-9

M1550							
GE-SFP-SX	850	MMF	No	-9.5	-3	-17	0
GE-SFP-LX	1310	SMF	No	-9.5	-3	-20	-3
SFP-MM850	850	MMF	No	-9.5	-3	-17	0
SFP-SM1310	1310	SMF	No	-9.5	-3	-20	-3

**Table B-2 Models and Technical Specifications of the Mini-GBIC-GT Module**

Standard	1000Base-T SFP Type	DDM (Yes/No)
1000Base-T	Mini-GBIC-GT	No

**Table B-3 Cabling Specifications of SFP Modules**

Model	Optical Fiber Type	Media Type	Core Size (μm)	Maximum Cabling Distance
MINI-GBIC-SX-MM850	LC	MMF	62.5/125	275m
			50/125	550m
MINI-GBIC-LX-SM1310	LC	SMF	9/125	10km
GE-eSFP-SX-MM850	LC	MMF	62.5/125	275m
			50/125	550m
GE-eSFP-LX-SM1310	LC	SMF	9/125	10km
GE-SFP-LX-SM1310	LC	SMF	9/125	10km
MINI-GBIC-LH40-SM1310	LC	SMF	9/125	40km
GE-SFP-SX-SM1310-BIDI	LC	MMF	50/125	500m
GE-SFP-SX-SM1550-BIDI	LC	MMF	50/125	500m
GE-SFP-LX20-SM1310-BIDI	LC	SMF	9/125	20km
GE-SFP-LX20-SM1550-BIDI	LC	SMF	9/125	20km
GE-SFP-LH40-SM1310-BIDI	LC	SMF	9/125	40km
GE-SFP-LH40-SM1550-BIDI	LC	SMF	9/125	40km
MINI-GBIC-ZX50-SM1550	LC	SMF	9/125	50km
MINI-GBIC-ZX80-SM1550	LC	SMF	9/125	80km
MINI-GBIC-ZX100-SM1550	LC	SMF	9/125	100km
GE-SFP-SX	LC	MMF	62.5/125	275m
			50/125	550m
GE-SFP-LX	LC	SMF	9/125	10km
Mini-GBIC-GT	RJ45 cable	Category 5 (or above) UTP/STP		100m

**i** For the optical module with transmission distance exceeding 40 km and more, one on-line optical attenuator should be added on the link to avoid the overload of the optical receiver when short single-mode optical fibers are used.

**i** The optical module is a laser device. Please take care of your eyes and do not look into the laser beam directly.

**i** To keep the optical module clean, please make sure that the dust cap is mounted when it is not connected to cables.

**Table B-4 Specifications of SFP BIDI Optical Module Pairs**

Rate/Distance	Module Pairs
1000M/500m	GE-SFP-SX-SM1310-BIDI GE-SFP-SX-SM1550-BIDI
1000M/20km	GE-SFP-LX20-SM1310-BIDI GE-SFP-LX20-SM1550-BIDI
1000M /40km	GE-SFP-LH40-SM1310-BIDI GE-SFP-LH40-SM1550-BIDI
10G /300m	XG-SFP-SR-SM1270-BIDI XG-SFP-SR-SM1330-BIDI
10G/10km	XG-SFP-LR-SM1270-BIDI XG-SFP-LR-SM1330-BIDI

 The BIDI modules must be used in pairs (e.g., GE-SFP-LX20-SM1310-BIDI and GE-SFP-LX20-SM1550-BIDI).

**Table B-5 Models and Technical Specifications of the 10G SFP+ Module**

Model	Wavelength (nm)	DDM (Yes/No)	Optical Fiber Type	Intensity of Transmitted Light (dBm)		Intensity of Received Light (dBm)	
				Min	Max	Min	Max
XG-SFP-SR-MM850	850	Yes	MMF	-7.3	-1	-9.9	-1
XG-SFP-ZR V1	850	Yes	MMF	-7.3	-1	-9.9	-1
XG-SR-MM850	850	Yes	MMF	-7.3	-1	-9.9	-1
SFP+MM850	850	Yes	MMF	-7.3	-1	-9.9	-1
XG-SFP-SR-SM1270-BI DI	1270	No	MMF	-3	4	-9	0.5
XG-SFP-SR-SM1330-BI DI	1270	No	MMF	-3	4	-9	0.5
XG-SFP-LR-SM1270-BID I	1270	No	SMF	-6.5	0.5	-14.4	0.5
XG-SFP-LR-SM1330-BID I	1330	No	SMF	-6.5	0.5	-14.4	0.5
XG-LR-SM1310	1310	Yes	SMF	-8.2	0.5	-14.4	0.5
SFP+SM1310	1310	Yes	SMF	-8.2	0.5	-14.4	0.5
XG-SFP-LR-SM1310	1310	Yes	SMF	-8.2	0.5	-14.4	0.5
XG-eSFP-LR-SM1310	1310	Yes	SMF	-8.2	0.5	-14.4	0.5
XG-SFP-ER-SM1550	1550	Yes	SMF	-4.7	4	-11.3	-1
XG-SFP-ZR-SM1550	1550	Yes	SMF	0	4	-24	-7
XS-SFP-SR	850	Yes	MMF	-7.3	-1	-9.9	-1

XS-SFP-LR	1310	Yes	SMF	-8.2	0.5	-10.3	0.5
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**Table B-6 Models and Technical Specifications of the 10G SFP+ Cables**

Model	Module Type	Connector Type	Copper Cable Length(m)	Conductor Wire Diameter (AWG)	Data Rate(Gb/s)	DDM (Yes/No)
XG-SFP-AOC1M	Active	SFP+	1	N/A	10.3125	Yes
XG-SFP-AOC3M	Active	SFP+	3	N/A	10.3125	Yes
XG-SFP-AOC5M	Active	SFP+	5	N/A	10.3125	Yes
XG-SFP-AOC10M	Active	SFP+	10	N/A	10.3125	Yes

**i** For supported SFP+ models may change at any time, contact Ruijie Networks after-sales personnel for the latest information.

**i** If the DDM function of the AOC cable does not report transmit power, the TX power is allowed to be displayed as N/A.

**Table B-7 Cabling Specifications of SFP+ Modules**

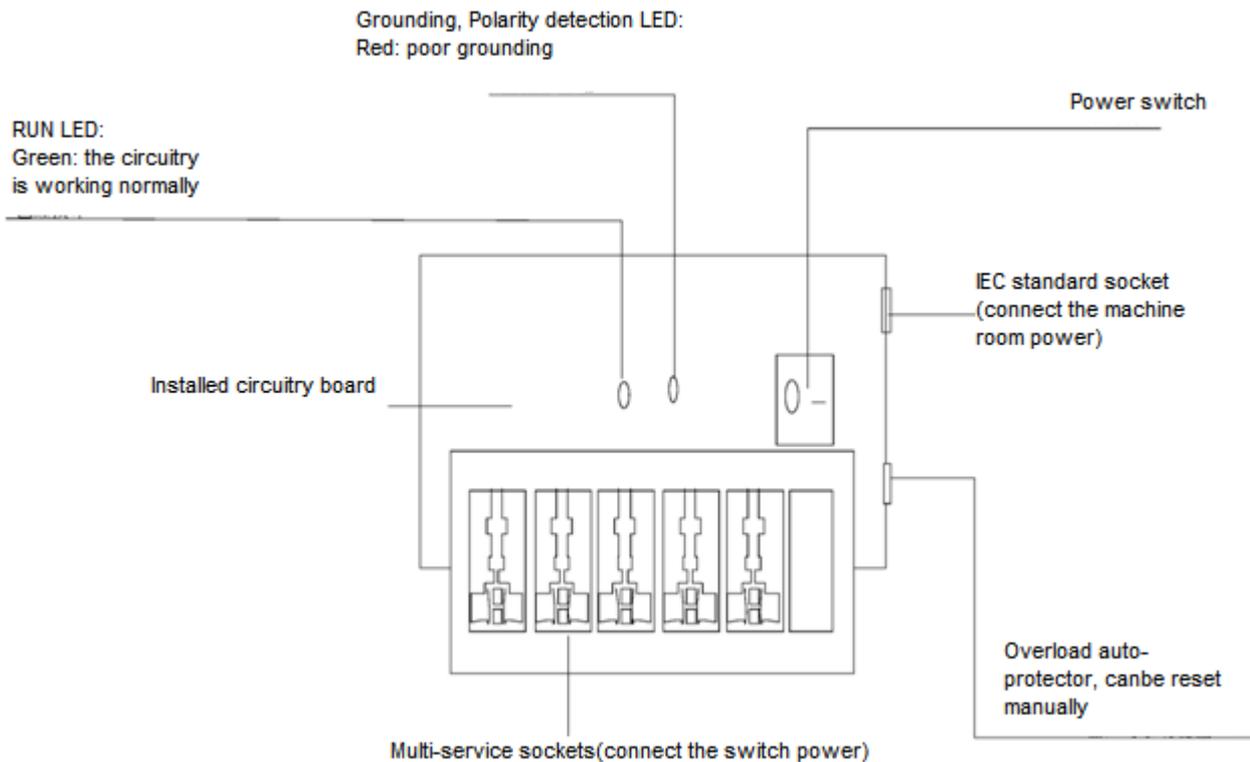
Model	Optical Fiber Type	Media Type	Core Size (um)	Modular Bandwidth (MHz·km)	Maximum Cabling Distance
XG-SFP-SR-MM850	LC	MMF	50/125	2000(OM3)	300m
XG-SFP-ZR V1	LC	MMF	50/125	2000(OM3)	300m
XG-SR-MM850	LC	MMF	50/125	2000(OM3)	300m
SFP+MM850	LC	MMF	50/125	2000(OM3)	300m
XG-SFP-SR-SM1270-BIDI	LC	MMF	50/125	2000(OM3)	300m
XG-SFP-SR-SM1330-BIDI	LC	MMF	50/125	2000(OM3)	300m
XG-SFP-LR-SM1270-BIDI	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	10km
XG-SFP-LR-SM1330-BIDI	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	10km
XG-SFP-LR-SM1310	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	10km
SFP+SM1310	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	10km
XG-SFP-ER-SM1550	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	40km
XG-SFP-ZR-SM1550	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	80km
XS-SFP-SR	LC	MMF	62.5 /125	200(OM1) 160	33m 26m
			50/125	2000(OM3) 500(OM2) 400(OM1)	300m 82m 66m
XS-SFP-LR	LC	SMF	9/125	N/A	10km

## Appendix C Lightning Protection

### Installing AC Power Arrester (lightning protection cable row)

The external lightning protection cable row shall be used on the AC power port to prevent the switch from being struck by lightning when the AC power cable is introduced from the outdoor and directly connected to the power port of the switch. The lightning protection cable row is fixed on the cabinet, operating table or the wall in the machine room using the line buttons and screws.

Figure C-1 Schematic Diagram for the Power Arrester



The power arrester is not provided and the user shall purchase it to address the practical requirement.

Precautions for installation:

- Make sure that the PE terminal of the power arrester has been well-grounded;
- After connecting the switch AC power plug to the socket of the power arrester (lightning protection socket), lightning protection function implements if the RUN LED is Green and the ALARM LED is OFF.
- If the ALARM LED on the power arrester is Red, you shall check what the reason is, poor grounding connection or the reversed connection of the Null and Live lines: Use the multimeter to check the polarity of the power socket for the arrester when the LED is Red, if the N line is on the left and the L line is on the right, the arrester PE terminal is not grounded; if the L line is on the left and the N line is on the right, the polarity of the arrester power cable shall be reversed; if the LED is still Red, it is confirmed that the arrester PE terminal has not been grounded.

### Installing the Ethernet Port Arrester

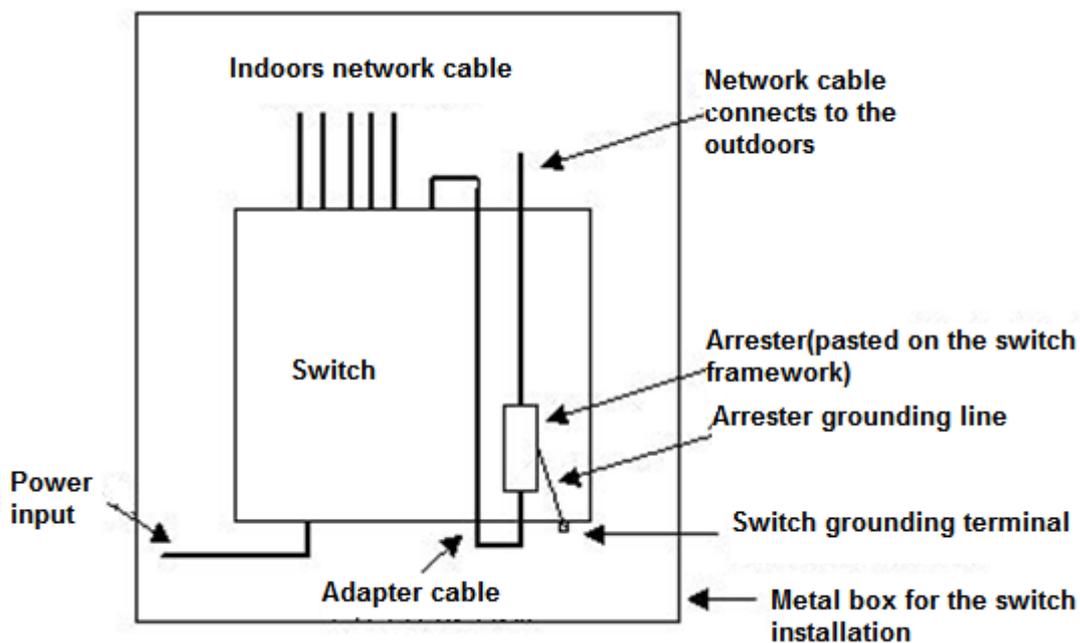
During the switch usage, the Ethernet port arrester shall be connected to the switch to prevent the switch damage by lightning before the outdoor network cable connects to the switch.

Tools: Cross or straight screwdriver, Multimeter, Diagonal pliers

Installation Steps:

- Tear one side of the protection paper for the double-sided adhesive tape and paste the tape to the framework of the Ethernet port arrester. Tear the other side of the protection paper for the double-sided adhesive tape and paste the Ethernet port arrester to the switch framework. The paste location for the Ethernet port arrester shall be as close to the grounding terminal of the switch.
- Based on the distance of the switch grounding terminal, cut the grounding line for the Ethernet port arrester and firmly tighten the grounding line to the grounding terminal of the switch.
- Use the multimeter to check whether the grounding line for the arrester is in good contact with the switch grounding terminal and the framework.
- According to the description on the Ethernet Port Arrester Hardware Installation Guide, connect the arrester using the adapter cable (note that the external network cable is connected to the end of IN, while the adapter cable connected to the switch is connected to the end of OUT) and observe whether the LED on the board is normal or not.
- Use the nylon button to bundle the power cables.

Figure C-2 Schematic Diagram for the Ethernet port Arrester Installation



- ⚠ The Ethernet port arrester is only for the 10M/100M copper Ethernet ports with the RJ-45 connector;
- ⚠ The Ethernet port arrester is not provided, the user can purchase them to address their own practical requirements. For the detailed information during the arrester installation, please refer to Ethernet Port Arrester Hardware Installation Guide, which contains the technical specification and the maintenance and installation of the arrester.

You may pay attention to the following conditions during the actual installation to avoid influencing the performance of the Ethernet port arrester:

- Reversed direction of the arrester installation. You shall connect the external network cable to the “IN” end and connect the switch Ethernet port to the “OUT” end.
- Poor arrester grounding. The length of the grounding line should be as short as possible to ensure that it is in good contact with the switch grounding terminal. Use the multimeter to confirm the contact condition after the grounding.
- Incomplete arrester installation. If there is more than one port connected to the peer device on the switch, it needs to install the arresters on all connection ports for the purpose of the lightning protection.

## Appendix D Cabling Recommendations

When RG-NBS3200 series switches are installed in standard 19-inch racks, route cable bundles upward or downward along the sides of the rack depends on the actual situation in the equipment room. All cable connectors should be placed at the bottom of the rack rather than be exposed outside of the cabinet. Power cords should be routed upward or downward beside the rack close to the location of the DC power distribution cabinet, AC power outlet, or lightning protection box.

### Required Minimum Cable Bend Radius

- The minimum bend radius of a power, communication or flat cable should be 5 times the overall diameter of the cable. If the cable is constantly bent, plugged or unplugged, the bend radius should be 7 times the overall diameter.
- The minimum bend radius of a coaxial cable should be 7 times the overall diameter of the cable. If the cable is constantly bent, plugged or unplugged, the bend radius should be 10 times the overall diameter.
- The minimum bend radius of a high-speed cable, such as an SFP+ cable should be 5 times the overall diameter of the cable. If the cable is constantly bent, plugged or unplugged, the bend radius should be 10 times the overall diameter.

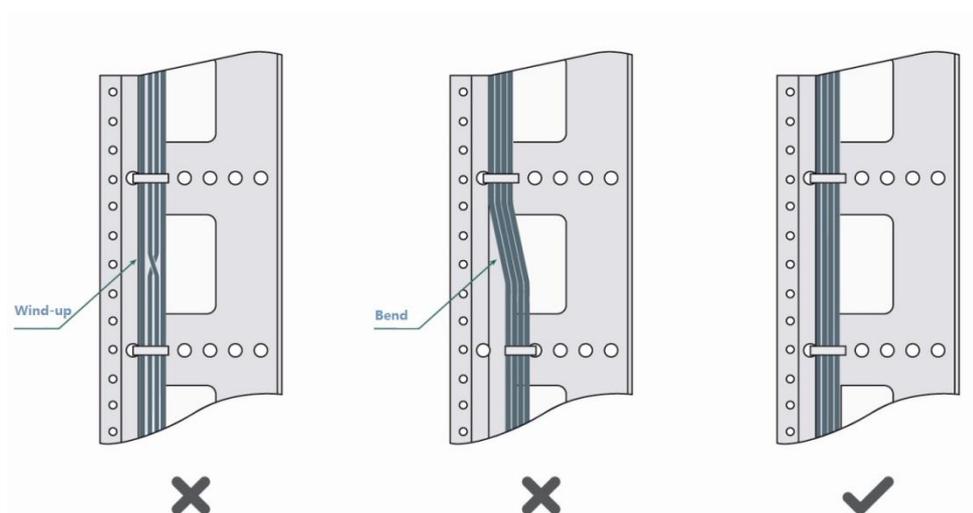
### Required Minimum Fiber Bend Radius

- The diameter of a fiber tray to hold fibers cannot be less than 25 times the diameter of the fiber.
- When moving an optical fiber, the bend radius of the fiber should be equal to or greater than 20 times the diameter of the fiber.
- During cabling of an optical fiber, the bend radius of the fiber should be equal to or greater than 10 times the diameter of the fiber.

### Precautions for Cable Bundling

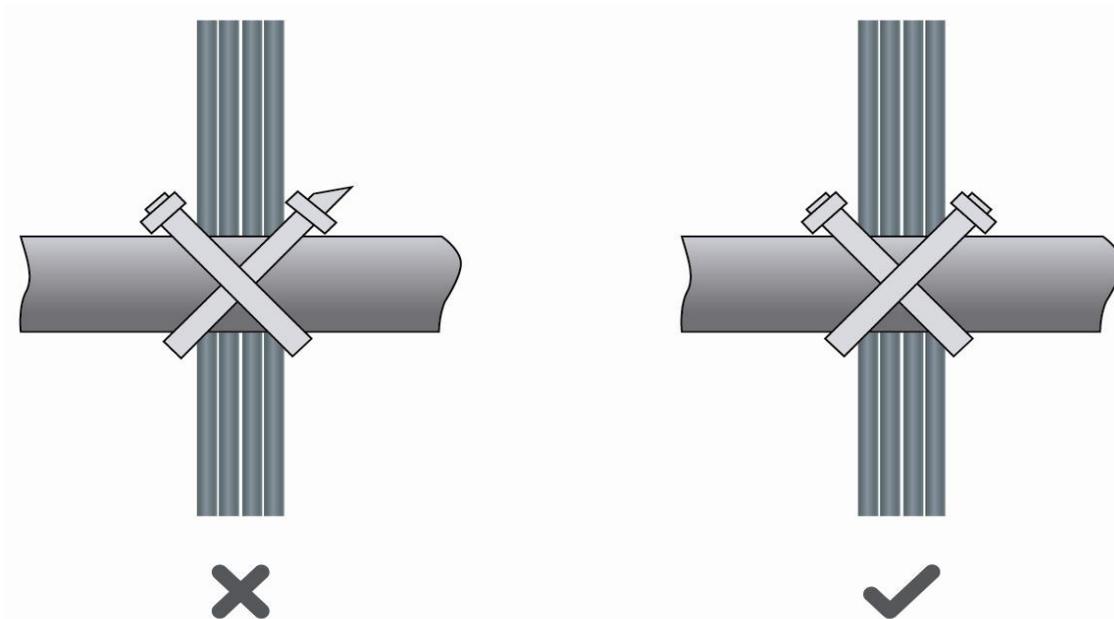
- Before bundling cables, correctly mark labels and stick the labels to cables where appropriate.
- Cables should be neatly and properly bundled, as shown in Figure D-1.

Figure D-1 Bundling Cables



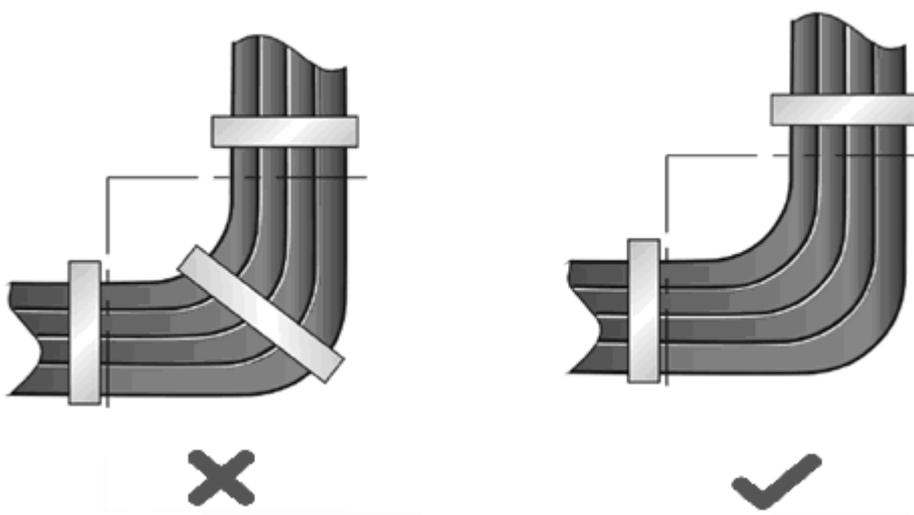
- Route and bundle power, signal, ground cables separately. When the cables are close to each other, cross them. When power cables run parallel to signal cables, the distance between them must be
- All cable trays and their accessories shall be smooth and free from sharp edges.
- Holes in metal, through which cables pass shall have smooth, well-rounded surfaces or be protected with insulating bushings.
- Use proper cable ties to bind cables together. Do not tie two or more cable ties to bind cables.
- Cut off excess cable tie cleanly with no sharp edges after bundling cables, as shown in Figure D-2.

Figure D-2 Cutting off Excess Cable Tie



- If cables are to be bent, bind them first but do not tie cable ties within the bend to avoid stress on the cables, which may otherwise cause the wires inside to break, as shown in Figure D-3.

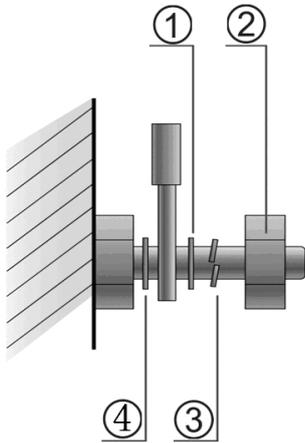
Figure D-3 Do Not Tie Cable Ties within the Bend



- Wrap up unnecessary or excess cables and bind them to the appropriate rack position, where device operation is not affected and no damages occur to the device and cables during debugging.
- Do not bind power cords to the rails for moving parts.

- Leave a certain length of the cable connecting moving parts, such as the ground wire of the cabinet door, to avoid stress on the cable; when moving parts are in place, ensure the excess cable length shall not contact heat sources, sharp corners or edges. If heat sources are unavoidable, use high-temperature cables instead.
- When using screws to fasten cable lugs, the bolts or nuts shall be tightened and prevented from loosening, as shown in Figure D-4.

Figure D-4 Fastening Cable Lugs



<b>Note</b>	Flat washer	Spring washer
	Nut	Flat washer

- When using a stiff cable, fix it near the cable lug to avoid stress on the lug and cable.
- Do not use self-tapping screws to fasten terminals.
- Bundle cables of the same type and running in the same direction into groups. Keep cables clean and straight.
- Cables shall be tied according to the following table.

Diameter of Cable Bundle (mm)	Space between Bundles (mm)
10	80 to 150
10 to 30	150 to 200
30	200 to 300

- Do not tie knots for cables or cable bundles.
- The metal parts of the cold-pressed terminal blocks, such as air circuit breakers, shall not be exposed outside of the blocks.

## Appendix E Site Selection

- The machine room should be at least 5km away from the heavy pollution source such as the smelter, coal mine and thermal power plant, 3.7km away from the medium pollution source such as the chemical industry, rubber industry and electroplating industry, and 2km away from the light pollution source such as the food manufacturer and leather plant. If the pollution source is unavoidable, the machine room should be located on the windward side of the pollution source perennially with advanced protection.
- The machine room should be at least 3.7km away from the sea or salt lake. Otherwise, the machine room must be sealed, with air conditioner installed for temperature control. Saline soil cannot be used for construction. Otherwise, you should select devices with advanced protection against severe environment.
- Do not build the machine room in the proximity of livestock farms. Otherwise, the machine room should be located on the windward side of the pollution source perennially. The previous livestock house or fertilizer warehouse cannot be used as the machine room.
- The machine room should be firm enough to withstand severe weather conditions such as windstorm and heavy rain as well as away from dust. If the dust is unavoidable, keep the door and window away from the pollution source.
- The machine room should be away from the residential area. Otherwise, the machine room should meet the construction standard in terms of noise.
- Make sure the air vent of the machine room is away from the sewage pipe, septic tank, and sewage treatment tank. Keep the machine room under positive pressure to prevent corrosive gas from entering the machine room to corrode components and circuit boards. Keep the machine room away from industrial boiler and heating boiler.
- The machine room had better be on the second floor or above. Otherwise, the machine room floor should be 600mm higher than the highest flood level ever recorded.
- Make sure there are no cracks or holes in the wall and floor. If there are cable entries in the wall or window, take proper sealing measures. Ensure that the wall is flat, wear-resistant, and dust-free, which should be up to the standard for flame retarding, soundproofing, heat absorption, dust reduction, and electromagnetic shielding.
- Keep the door and the window closed to make the machine room sealed.
- The steel door is recommended for soundproofing.
- Sulfur-containing materials are forbidden.
- Pay attention to the location of the air conditioner. Keep the air conditioner from blowing wind straight toward the device or blowing water drops from the window or air vent toward the device.